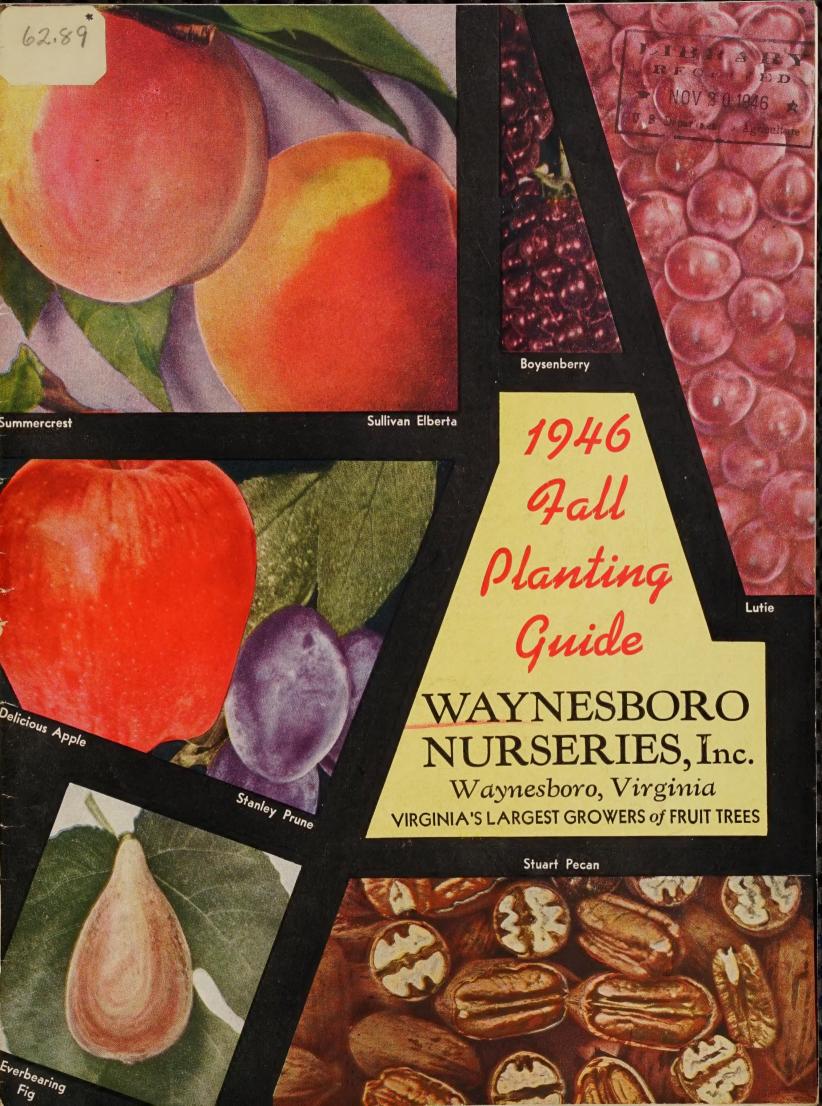
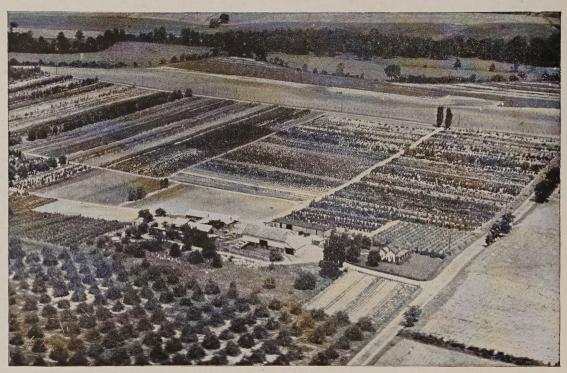
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.







An Airplane View of One Section of Our 1000-Acre Nursery

Waynesboro Grown Trees and Plants Offered by Virginia's Largest Growers

GROW YOUR OWN FRUIT-Fruit from your own ground is more convenient and economical. There is no market that can compare with your own garden or orchard. Accessible when you want it, as much as you plan for, and of the quality you determine, all at the lowest possible cost—these are the factors of home enterprise. Growing your own is traditional American ingenuity.

MAKE YOUR HOME MORE BEAUTIFUL—Beautify and increase the value of your property with planned landscaping. Practical landscaping now makes use of Selected trees, Shrubs, Evergreens, Roses, etc. The finest varieties are grown at Waynesboro in Virginia's fertile Shenandoah Valley. You will like working with these growing trees and plantings and enjoy the improvement to your home.

OFFERING THE NEWER, BETTER VARIETIES-We are large, established growers and are in a position to supply you with both reliable and popular older varieties and new, improved varieties we have tested and found worthwhile. We are anxious to help you select varieties best suited to your requirements.

DEPENDABLE PLANTS AND INFORMATION—Our stock is healthy and vigorous, grown under ideal soil and climatic condi-tions. We mention better qualities in our description of varieties but plant material is never perfect—so we call your attention also to any unfavorable qualities a variety may possess. You may select from us with assurance.

HORTICULTURAL ADVICE AND LANDSCAPE SERVICE— We would like to help you in any way possible. Our service includes the advice of Trained Horticulturists, and Graduate Landscape Architects. We are at the moment, however, a little shorthanded, so if you need service, please apply early in the season.

Our Delivery Seasons and Guarantees

DATE OF DELIVERY—Plant Material differs from most other commodities by being limited to a definite delivery season. The general conception is that there are two distinct delivery seasons per year—the regular Fall season starting early in November and continuing until late December, and the Spring season starting early in March and continuing until June. There, however, is seldom a week in which we do not ship some plant material. We do not promise deliveries on definite dates, as we must be somewhat governed by the season and weather conditions. Some seasons we can start general Fall deliveries by November 1st, while other years the plants do not mature so we can start digging before November 10th. However, Evergreens, Perennials, Iris, Peonies, etc., can be successfully transplanted as early as August. Regardless of whether on November 1st or 10th, or what date, we attempt to make delivery at such a time as the best results can be obtained.

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION—Issued by Virginia State Entomologist—certifying that our Nursery has been inspected and the plant material found to be free of disease and pests—furnished with each shipment.

TRANSPORTATION—We are located on two trunk line railroads. Fruit Trees, Berry Plants, and other items dug without ball are generally shipped express, while B&B Evergreens and large Shade Trees are shipped by freight or delivered by our truck, for which we in most cases can arrange at a nominal delivery cost.

PRICES—The prices quoted are f.o.b. our shipping point. We make no charge for packing and delivering to our local freight, express, or post office.

TERMS-Cash with order unless otherwise arranged.

REMITTANCES—Remittances may be made by Postal Money Order, Postal Note, Express Money Order, or your personal check.

Note, Express Money Order, or your personal check.

LIBERAL REPLACEMENT TERMS—While losses from transplanting our vigorous, carefully handled plant material are at a minimum, there are always some losses to be expected, regardless of how careful both Nurseryman and planter may be. We agree to share with our customers any losses from transplanting our plant material by refurnishing at half catalogue list price any plant material reported dead within twelve months after date of delivery, provided the original purchase was paid for as per sale terms and the plant material has been given reasonable attention.

VARIETIES AND QUANTITIES—If you do not find listed the variety, quantity, or size desired, write for further information.

MAKING UP ORDERS—Do not fail to give sizes quantities and varieties.

MAKING UP ORDERS—Do not fail to give sizes, quantities, and varieties wanted. Also give shipping point if different from post office, and approximately when you would like your plant material shipped.

NOTICE OF WARRANTY—While we are very careful to keep our varieties true to name, in the event they should prove otherwise, we cannot be responsible for more than the amount we receive for the plant material.

WAYNESBORO NURSERIES, Inc. Waynesboro, Virginia



FARMER

A Magazine with the Friendly Touch

Your coming issues of THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER will be packed with things of interest to every member of your family. There will be ideas to help you make more money from farming... and many things the ladies and young people won't want to miss. To receive THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER every month for the next 5 years mail \$1 today. Recommended by Waynesboro Nurseries.

To: THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER. Raleigh, N. C.

Please enter my subscription to The Progressive Farmer for 5 years—60 big issues for only \$1, which I enclose.

Name	
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60 BIG ISSUEShe PROGRESSIVE FARMER EACH MONTH FOR 5 YEARS THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER is the South's

Your whole family will get genuine pleasure and real benefit from THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER leading magazine for every member of the farm family. It costs you less than two cents a month to subscribe to THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER. Mail the coupon and \$1 for a 5-year subscription.

Act today! MAIL ORDER BLANK ON REVERSE SIDE

Fruit Department

On the following pages we offer you the finest strains of Fruit varieties our long experience can give you. We are constantly improving existing varieties and testing new introductions.

As Virginia's Largest Growers, we confidently recommend our fruit trees and plants for successful growing in your home or commercial orchard or garden. We do not offer a new introduction until its merits have been proven—and you may be sure our strains of your favorites are the best to be had.

At last we have come to realize the importance of growing as much of our fruit as possible, not altogether for the sake of economy, but much pleasure and satisfaction can be found in gardening and fruit raising. Fruit can never taste quite so good as when gathered from our own gardens and orchards.

But don't waste precious time and land by planting stock you can't be SURE of. Let Virginia's Largest Growers supply your needs—with strains that have been thoroughly tested for performance.

FRUIT TREE POPULATION CONTINUES TO DECLINE

Having decreased one-third between 1930 and 1940. For the past five years trees have not been available for normal planting, indicating a serious fruit shortage in the near future.

PPLE

The Apple continues to be the King of Fruits. By carefully selecting varieties fresh fruit can be harvested from your trees over a period of six months and the better Winter varieties can be kept in common storage until the new crop is har-

vested—making fresh fruit possible throughout the year.

Our selection of varieties of Apples has been carefully made up after many years of growing and testing. The newer, better varieties are listed only after having been thoroughly tested and found to excel older varieties of the same class

Planters differ as to choice of varieties, sized trees, time to plant, etc. The New Double Red Strains have almost displaced the old varieties, and the tendency is towards using the best money can buy. All experienced planters are taking pollination into consideration in planting new orchards or even in replanting old orchards. So we recommend an assortment of varieties to provide for pollination; not depending altogether on one variety.

SUMMER AND FALL APPLES

Summer and Fall varieties have been neglected in commercial plantings and are now proving, in many cases, more profitable than Winter varieties. In the home orchard a selection from this list will furnish fried Apples and sauce from early June and ripe fruit from late June until November. We offer the following choice varieties.

ANOKA. A new, early-bearing red striped Apple following Yellow Transparent. Recommended for the home orchard.

BONUM. An excellent commercial Fall Apple; popular in the western part of North Carolina. Medium size red; good quality, heavy bearer.

CLOSE. A new, early, red Apple ripening a few days ahead of Yellow Transparent. Introduced by U. S. Department of Agriculture. Early, annual bearer.

EARLY HARVEST. One of the best known early Apples, ripening in Virginia in late June. Large, golden yellow. One of the old home orchard varieties which continues in excellent demand.

EARLY RED BIRD. A new scarlet red Apple several days ahead of Yellow Transparent; good size, quality, good shipper. (See illustration.)

FALL PIPPIN. An old favorite family variety ripening in August. Large golden yellow. Good for frying, as soon as half matured and most delicious when ripe. **GRIMES GOLDEN.** A well known, spicy, medium size golden yellow, commercial and home orchard variety. Ripens late Fall.

HYSLOP CRAB. Most popular red, medium size Crab. Used chiefly for jellies and pickling. Strong growing tree, prolific bearer.

SEE PAGE 4 FOR APPLE TREE PRICES

Selecting Varieties for a Home Garden

We offer a large assortment of varieties so as to make available for home orchard planters varieties ripening from the earliest to the latest, affording fresh fruit throughout the year. We recommend following varieties as being especially suited for a home orchard collection: Early Red Bird, Early Yellow Transparent, Maiden Blush, Smokehouse, Paragon Winesap, Sweet Paradise, Winter Banana, Yellow Delicious, Winesap.



Our Trees Regularly Inspected

In addition to regular inspections by State Entomologist, who has issued the following certificate:

CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION

CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION

Richmond, Va., July 23, 1946

This is to certify that, acting under authority of the Crop Pest Law, Chapter 39, Sections 869-905 as amended, the nursery premises of WAYNESBORO NURSERIES, INC., of WAYNESBORO, VA., were carefully inspected on July 8-13, 1946, by a representative of this department and that the nursery stock growing thereon is apparently free from dangerously injurious insects and plant diseases.

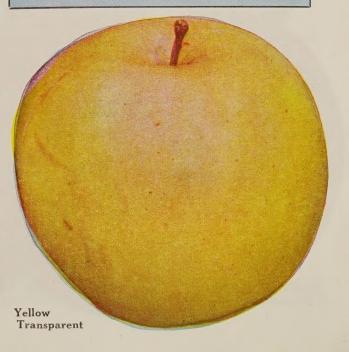
This certificate applies only to such stock as was actually inspected and certified in this nursery, and to such stock as is covered by a valid official inspection and registration certificate. It may be legally used only to cover such stock.

This certificate does not cover the requirements of Virginia Japanese beetle quarantine regulations nor any other special quarantine or regulations promulgated by the State of Virginia or by the United States Department of Agriculture. This Certificate may be revoked for cause, and is invalid after August 31, 1947.

G. T. FRENCH, State Entomologist

We frequently have our Fruit Trees inspected by Massachusetts

We frequently have our Fruit Trees inspected by Massachusetts State College professors who inspect varieties of Fruits as to trueness to name, affording planters double protection against mixtures.



APPLE TREE PRICES

3 yr., 6-7 ft., Jumbo Size 2 yr., 4-6 ft., Branched 2 yr., 3-4 ft., Branched 1 yr., 4-6 ft., Whips 1 yr., 3-4 ft., Whips	1 to 10 Each \$2.75 1.75 1.25 1.65 1.25	10 to 30 Each \$2.45 1.50 1.05 1.45		1.10 .80 1.05 .80
1 yr., 2-3 ft., Whips	.90	.80	.70	.60

NOTE: 1 yr. Apple in quantities of 300 or more, 10c. less per tree. Following special varieties offered at 10c. per tree above standard variety prices: Lowry, Vance Delicious, and Yorking.

SUMMER AND FALL APPLES—Continued

LIVELAND RASPBERRY. A beautiful, delicious Summer striped Apple, ripening in August. Planted chiefly for home use as it is too tender to be a

LODI. An improved Yellow Transparent, being larger than its parent and ripening a few days later. Due to its being larger in size, the Lodi is expected to become even more popular than the well known Yellow Transparent. Good early varieties have been neglected in commercial orchard planting, so we recommend including the Lodi, as well as some of the other Summer varieties, in your next commercial planting.

MAIDEN BLUSH. August and September. Medium to large, yellow background with red blush. Firm, good shipper.

MILTON. A member of the McIntosh family, ripening in August. Possesses the McIntosh quality and appearance.

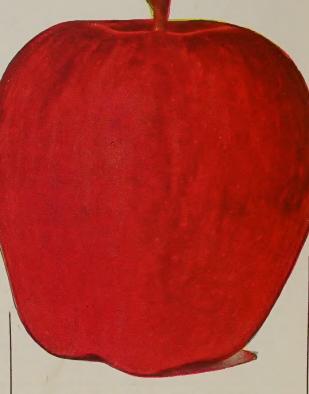
MOTHER. Medium-sized red Fall Apple. Late bloomer, sure cropper.

RED JUNE. Red, medium sized Apple. Good fryer.

RED DUCHESS. Differs from the Standard Duchess by having more color and coloring earlier in the season. We recommend this Double Red Strain. An excellent home orchard variety, as well as one of the leading commercial varieties, having good color and being prolific.

SMOKEHOUSE. An old home orchard favorite which still deserves a place in every family orchard. Medium to large, firm, greenish background, red striped. Ripens over a period of several weeks, which makes it ideal for home use. Excellent for cooking and for eating from hand when full ripe.





VANCE DELICIOUS

Numerous strains of Delicious Sports are now on the market. We have tested the most promising ones and find to be outstanding the Vance Delicious, a red sport which originated in Albemarle County, Virginia, and was introduced by the late R. G. Vance, who at one time served as President of the Virginia Horticultural Society. The Vance Delicious has all the good characteristics of the best Red Sports—being fully as large and having typical Delicious shape, flavor, and quality—but differs by coloring earlier, being the first of the Red Delicious Strains ready for market. This enables Eastern growers to market their fruit before the West-Eastern growers to market their fruit before the Western Pack appears as competition. 10c. extra per tree.

DOUBLE RED SPY

old time Spy but having the advantage of 100% more color, affording it considerably more commercial value. Late Fall and Winter.

> DOUBLE RED STAYMAN The Stayman Winesap

continues to be one of the big commercial varieties of the East, but in recent years the original strain of Stayman is being replaced by its offspring, the Double Red Stayman, which has all the good qualities of its popular parent and the ad-

vantage of more color and coloring earlier in the sea-son. This means more Number One Apples, better prices, and bigger profits. One of our best sellers for both commercial and home orchard planting.

SUMMER AND FALL APPLES—Continued

SUMMER RAMBO. In Virginia and adjoining States there is possibly no other variety found in so many orchards. This famous old Apple is so well known that no home orchard is believed to be complete without it. It is also popular

that no home orchard is believed to be complete without it. It is also popular with many of the commercial growers, as it is always in demand at good prices. Large, red striped. You cannot go wrong in planting Summer Rambo.

SUMMER YELLOW DELICIOUS. Another golden yellow Summer Apple; resembles the Winter Yellow Delicious, but ripens in July.

WILLIAMS EARLY RED. Considered by many as the best commercial Summer Red Apple. Has been a money maker for commercial growers. Also an excellent home orchard Apple. Large for an Apple of its season. Ripens around the middle of July. The trees are good growers and prolific bearers; fruit beautiful in appearance and a good shipper.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. A well known, transparent to golden yellow Apple. Among the first yellow varieties to ripen. In our opinion, the Yellow Transparent will be somewhat displaced by the Lodi. (See illustration page 3)

WINTER APPLES

In speaking of Winter Apples we refer to varieties which are harvested in late Fall and may be kept in storage for Winter and next Spring use. A large percent of the commercial crop consists of Winter varieties. However, some of the Summer or Fall varieties are now proving equally as profitable.

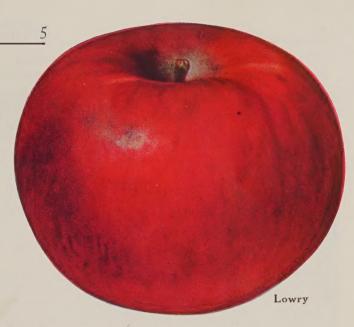
ALBEMARLE PIPPIN. An old Virginia Apple. Also known as Newton Large, green, crisp. Good keeping and export variety

BEN DAVIS. An old variety of poor quality, but a good bearer, keeper, and pollinator. Medium size, red striped.

CORTLAND. An improved McIntosh; longer keeper; larger, deeper red. Not often planted south of New York State.

DOUBLE RED DELICIOUS

The Standard Delicious is too well known to require a detailed escription. The New Double Red Delicious is identically the same as the Standard Delicious with the exception of color—being a solid as the Standard Delicious with the exception of color—being a solid red—and coloring two to three weeks earlier. This means a trd—mendous commercial advantage, as well as the home orchard owner prefers Solid Red Apples to half green ones. So we recommend the Double Red in place of the Standard Delicious, which we also list.



DELICIOUS. Possibly one of the best known Winter varieties. Large, red striped, almost sweet. Late Fall and Winter. Good keeper in Extensively grown and planted as a commercial varie well as in home orchards. In the past few years the Standard Delicious is being replaced to a great extent by the Vance Delicious or some of the other Double Red Strains.

DOUBLE RED JONATHAN

An improvement over the well known Jonathan— This means more profit to having more color and coloring earlier. This means more profit to the commercial grower and to the home grower, more attractive Apples. (See illustration page 4)

(WINTER VARIETIES CONTINUED PAGE 6)

A Whole Orchard on a Single Tree!



Such a tree is made possible by grafting with varieties Such a tree is made possible by grafting with varieties from the earliest to the latest. An ideal tree where space can accommodate only one, two or three trees. The varieties grafted on 5-In-1 Trees will vary, but most generally consist of Yellow Transparent, Summer Rambo, Stayman Winesap and Delicious. 5-In-1 Trees are offered only in 2 yr., 4-6 ft. size at \$4.00 each.

4-In-1 Trees are produced in the same manner as the 5-In-1, serving the same purpose but having one less number of varieties. These Multiple Variety Trees are not only practical trees for the home garden or lawn, but are new, interesting and the average grower takes pride in showing same to his friends.

2 yr., 4-6 ft. size at \$3.50 each.

> Consists of 3 choice varieties ripening at different seasons furnishing fresh fruit over a longer period at very little extra cost. Multiple Variety Trees are usually more prolific than trees of a single variety as they provide excellent cross pollination.

2 yr., 4-6 ft. size, \$3.00 each.

WINTER APPLES—Continued

For more than a hundred years the York Im perial Apple, which originated in Pennsylvania, was one of Virginia's most profitable commercial and home orchard varieties. No Apple was found good enough to dislodge it

our largest seller from its position at the top of the ladder until its offspring Yorking, The York Supreme, was introduced 12 years ago.

The Yorking is a sport of the famous York Imperial, differing by being a solid red and coloring 2 or 3 weeks earlier. The Yorking has now almost entirely displaced the York Imperial in new plantings. This new solid red sport is one of the few Apples ever to be honored with a U. S. Patent. 10c. extra per tree.

DOUBLE RED MCINTOSH. A selected bright red sport of McIntosh. Extensively grown in New York and New England states. Late Fall Apple in Virginia, Winter Apple farther North.

DNATHAN. A well known commercial variety. Medium size; greenish background, red cheek, white flesh. Ready for market early Winter.

LADY. Small, golden background, red blush; highly flavored; excellent quality Extremely popular for decoration purposes on dining room and dining car tables and eating from hand. The fruit is rare and sells for unusually high prices. 25c

LOWRY. Virginia ranks high as an Apple producing State—growing many good varieties. Among her leading varieties is the Lowry, which originated in Nelson County, Virginia and is now becoming one of the State's most profitable Apples as well as it is being commercially planted in almost all other Apples growing sections of the United States. The Lowry is medium to large, mahogany red, as sweet as the Delicious but is more easily grown and sells for fully as much. An ideal Apple for the roadside stand and truck trade as well as it makes a beautiful cold storage pack and is a remarkable keeper; keeps even better than the Delicious in cold storage. 10c. extra per tree. (See illustration page 5.)

DOUBLE RED ROME

Another of the many Red Sports improving on their parent variety by being a Solid Red, which means more Number One Apples and better prices. There are numerous strains of Rome Sports. This particular strain originated in the Northwest and is known by some as C & O Red Rome. May be harvested 2 weeks ahead of Rome.

MACOUN. A late McIntosh, possessing better color and keeping qualities.

M. B. TWIG. A well known, large red Apple of the Winesap family. Firm, long keeper. A shy bearer.

N. W. GREENING. One of the few green skinned Apples in popular demand. Large, greenish yellow. Good cooker and an excellent keeper. Prolific bearer.

ROME BEAUTY. A well known commercial variety. Firm, yellow meat; late keeper and good shipper. Large size, mild sub-acid; early, regular bearer; late bloomer, frequently escaping late Spring frosts when some other varieties fail. A good Winter variety to include in your home orchard, as well as a profitable





Yorking

PARAGON WINESAP. Resembles M. B. Twig but is a better bearer and is recommended in preference to the M. B. Twig.

STAYMAN WINESAP. One of the best known, most extensively planted of Winter varieties. Large, green background, red stripe. Rich, crisp, tender, yellow meat. Excellent cooker, as well as for eating from hand. Its only fault is cracking in wet weather and being somewhat shy of color.

SWEET PARADISE. At one time there were many Sweet Apples offered by nurseries, but they have been dropped one by one until there are only two or three to be found in nur-sery catalogues. Sweet Paradise, considered the best, is still in demand, especially in the home orchard and in the old-time cellar, where it will keep throughout Winter.

TURLEY WINESAP. An Improved Stayman, resembling the Standard Stayman closely but is less subject to cracking and has better color.

VIRGINIA BEAUTY. A native of the State, an Apple of which Virginia is proud. Late Fall and early Winter. Resembles Red Delicious in quality and shape, but darker color. Excellent quality

VIRGINIA CRAB. Medium size, golden yellow, jelly Crab. Late bloomer, prolific bearer, seldom failing. Will produce crops with as little attention as any Apple we know. Tree ornamental as well as fruitful.

WINESAP. A variety that has probably done as much as any other Apple in winning a reputation for Virginia Apples on all markets of the world. It is also popular in almost all other parts of the U. S. and comes as near being adapted to all soils and climates as any Apple we know of. Medium size, red skin slightly streaked on yellow; flesh firm, crisp, sub-acid. November to May.

WINTER BANANA. Large, golden yellow, red cheek Winter variety. Very aromatic; spicy flavor. Vigorous grower, variety. Ve early bearer.

early bearer.

YELLOW DELICIOUS. Listed by some as Golden Delicious. Conical shape, golden yellow. Somewhat resembles Grimes Golden but larger. An early prolific bearer. Popular as a home orchard variety as well as a profitable commercial Apple. Recommended as a cross pollinator.

YORK IMPERIAL. Undoubtedly most extensively planted commercial Apple in famous Shenandoah Valley and Blue Ridge area of Virginia, West Virginia, and Pennsylvania. Greenish yellow background, red striped cheek; prolific bearer, excellent keeper. In recent years York Imperial is being displaced with its offspring Yorking, a solid Red York.

Save Time in Growing Fruit

By planting our Super, Mammoth, Giant and Bearing Size Apple Trees, which have been twice transplanted and will furnish fruit much earlier than the smaller, younger trees. We especially recommend these larger trees for replanting where pollination is a problem; also for planting home orchards. At this time we have available the following varieties in the large-sized trees, but the supply is limited and we suggest that you make a second choice in case we should be out of the first choice at the time your order is received.

Bonum	Macoun		Sweet	Paradise	
Cortland	Maiden Blush	Maiden Blush		Turley Winesap	
Delicious	Paragon Winesap	Paragon Winesap		Winesap	
Grimes Golden	Rome Beauty			Delicious	
Hyslop Crab	Summer Yellow Delici	ous	York I	mperial	
Lowry		1 to 10		30 or more	
		Each	Each	Each	
4 yr., 6- 7 ft., SUPE	R SIZE	\$3.25	\$2.75	\$2,35	
5 yr., 7- 8 ft., MAM	MOTH SIZE	4.50	4.00	3.60	
6 yr., 8-10 ft., BEAR	ING SIZE	6.00	5.25	4.75	
See Page 4	for Commercial Orchar	d Size	Apple Tre	es	

WAYNESBORO Peaches

Peach Industry Being Revolutionized

The Peach, an old favorite in the fruit family, is now making new friends. Market expansion has been made possible by new methods of freezing, canning, evaporating and storage. A moderate planting of properly located orchards has promise at this time of being a profitable investment.

PEACHES IN READY DEMAND—The fruit is most generally in demand at good prices, since the crops in various communities ripen at different times and markets are seldom congested.

CONSUMER INCREASE—Population in the South has advanced with industrial development. Improved highway and hauling facilities are enabling markets, large and small to provide the consumer with fresh fruit daily from the orchard. For this demand, it is advisable to plant a larger assortment of varieties ripering over a longer period.





WHY PLANT WAYNESBORO NURSERIES' TREES-Being located why plant waynesboro nurseries' trees—Being located in the Commercial Peach Orchard Section of Virginia, we are able to make variety research in bearing orchards and to cut our bud wood from bearing trees. We can thus examine new varieties, adding those which are promising and discarding those which are less desirable. In this way we attempt to serve the commercial grower as a source of information as well as to furnish dependable trees, grown in our sandy loam soil, noted for producing an excellent root system.

SUPPLY LIMITED—The scarcity of efficient labor has contributed to a serious shortage in Peach trees in the nursery row, possibly not more than half the number which would be planted this season, if available. You are urged to place your order early so that trees

You are urged to place your order early so that trees

PROTECT YOUR PEACH TREES FROM BORERS BY USING PARADOW-SEE PAGE 43

We Offer the Following CHOICE VARIETIES

Large, well-colored, firm, yellow freestone Peach, following Elberta

AMADOR. Originated at the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture Experiment Station, Palo Alta, California, by crossing Elberta and Ontario. Large red skin, yellow flesh, freestone. Good quality. Ripens just ahead of Elberta. A most promising new Peach.

*BELLE OF GEORGIA. An old Peach, yet unsurpassed for a white freestone home and commercial variety. Large white skin, red cheek; sweet, excellent, peachy flavor. August. (See illustration.)

•BRACKETT. An improved Elberta ripening a few days later; same size, better color and quality. Will hang on the tree longer than the Elberta and is a better shipper.

PEACH TREE PRICES

				olesale '
	10 to			
	30		300	more
Each	Each	Each	Each	Each
6-7 ft. Jumbo Size \$2.50	\$2.30	\$2.10		
4-6 ft. Select 1.75		1.30	\$1.10	\$0.95
3-4 ft. Heavy 1.25		.9	.80	.70
2-3 ft. Heavy 1.05	.95	.85	.70	.60
2-3 ft. Medium	.75	.65	.60	
18-24 in. June bud70	.60	.50	.45	
Varieties available in Ju	ine. Buo	ls indic	ited by	



WAYNESBORO PEACHES—Continued

Peach Tree Prices

Wholesale

Elberta

1 to	o 10	10 to 30	30 to 50	50 to 300	300 or more	•
Ea	ach	Each	Each	Each	Each	
6-7 ft. Jumbo Size \$2	.50	\$2.30	\$2.10			
4-6 ft. Select 1	.75	1.50	1.30	\$1.10	\$0.95	
3-4 ft. Heavy 1	.25	1.05	.95	.80	.70	
2-3 ft. Heavy 1	.05	.95	.85	.70	.60	
2-3 ft. Medium	.85	.75	.65	.60	.50	
18-24 in. June Bud.	.70	.60	.50	.45	.40	
Varieties availa	ble in	n June. I	Buds indie	cated by	•	

CARMAN. An old favorite white semi freestone Peach. Large size, prolific bearer, good canning qualities. July.

CHAMPION. Another old home orchard favorite. Large, white semifreestone. Very hardy in bud, often producing a full crop when other varieties fail. A good home orchard variety for the roadside stand and local market. August.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY. Excellent large, sweet, yellow, freestone, home orchard variety. Early August.

EARLY ELBERTA. A yellow, freestone of the Elberta type, ripening two weeks earlier. A desirable variety where a succession of ripening fruit is desired for home use, roadside stand, and local market.

ELBERTA. Continues to be the most extensively planted Peach, not the best Peach in quality, but its size, color and firmness combine to make it the most popular commercial variety. Even takes first place in home orchard planting. More than one third of all the Peaches we sell is Elberta. Yellow freestone, red cheek. Middle August. (See illustration.)

FIREGLOW. Large, yellow freestone following Golden Jubilee. Firm, excellent shipper. A promising commercial Peach.

•GAGE ELBERTA. Differs from the old Elberta by being resistant to bacteriosis, which is one of the Peach growers' problems in the South. Same size and shape as the standard Elberta, ripening five days later.

GOLDEN EAST. Large, firm, highly colored yellow freestone ripening 15 days ahead of Elberta.

*GOLDEN JUBILEE. While still a new Peach, it possibly ranks second among varieties in the number of trees being planted. It is one of the earliest freestone Peaches of good quality. Good shipper. Demands the top prices because of its earliness and superior quality. This excellent new Peach is now being planted in almost every commercial orchard, as well as in home orchards. July. (See illustration page 9.)

HALE-HAVEN. A most promising new, large, yellow freestone. Introduced by the Michigan State Experiment Station. A cross between the Hale and South Haven. Ripens two weeks earlier than the Elberta, making an excellent combination with Golden Jubilee and Elberta. (See illustration.)

HEATH CLING. Large, late, white clingstone pickling Peach. September.

*HILEY. A large white freestone of the Belle of Georgia type, ripening two weeks earlier. Planted both commercially and in the home orchard. July.

• INDIAN. Solid red clingstone, red to the stone, firm and juicy, medium to large. One of the best pickling Peaches grown. Sure cropper. Sept.

WAYNESBORO PEACHES—Continued

- *J. H. HALE. A large, firm, yellow freestone. Golden yellow skin, red cheek. Excellent shipping qualities and demands the top prices on the market because of its size and good quality. Ranks high as a commercial variety. August.
- KRUMMEL (KRUMMEL'S OCTOBER). Large, yellow freestone with red cheek-
- **LATE ELBERTA.** Elberta type, but ripening in early September. A freestone with yellow background, red cheek. Medium to large.
- •MAYFLOWER. Earliest Peach listed in our catalogue. A beautiful red of medium size; white, clingstone. Sells because of its earliness and excellent color. The quality, of course, does not compare with that of later varieties, but it has a place in the home orchard, as well as for the roadside market. June.
- •RED BIRD. A beautiful, large, red-skinned, white-meated Cling which always sells, even though the quality is not considered the best. Very firm; excellent shipper. Follows the Mayflower. June.
- **RED HAVEN.* Another new Michigan State Experiment Station introduction. Bright red coloring on a yellow background. Smooth, almost fuzzless. Firm flesh. Fruit ripens uniformly. Trees are strong growers and prolific bearers. Fruit should be thinned for best results. Has produced full crops in orchards where other varieties were Winterkilled. Ripens about five days before the Golden Jubilee, which up to thi time has been the leading commercial Peach of its season.

SALBERTA. An Elberta type produced by crossing Elberta with Salwey. Closely resembles Elberta, possessing all its good qualities but ripening two

weeks later.

SALWEY. Large, yellow freestone. Crimson cheek. Sweet, juicy; one of the best late Peaches. Sept.

SHIPPER'S RED. Large, round, yellow. Freestone, with attractive red coloring; ripens a few days later than the Elberta and of

better quality. It sells for as much or more than Elberta. Ranks at the top as commercial variety; equally as popular for the home orchard. Trees hardy, good growers, early and prolific bearers. (See

illustration.)



Golden Jubilee

- SLAPPY. Sweet, highly flavored yellow freestone. Good home orchard variety. Late July.
- ***SOUTH HAVEN.** Introduced by the Michigan Experiment Station. Yellow-meated freestone; good size and quality. Early August.
- SULLIVAN'S EARLY ELBERTA. A sport of the Elberta; identical size, color and shipping qualities. Ripens earlier, enabling the grower to have Elberta Peaches on the market 10 days ahead of the main crop. This on the market 10 days ahead of the main crop. This new Peach originated in Georgia, where it is being extensively planted.
- **SUMMERCREST.** New, large, yellow freestone Peach of very fine quality, ripening with Belle of Georgia. Introduced by New Jersey Experiment Station. Tree a vigorous grower and buds hardy, withstanding more cold than some varieties. (See illustration, page 7.)
- **SUNHIGH.** A New Jersey Experiment Station Peach ripening 15 days before Elberta. Large, bright red, yellow flesh, freestone. Good shipper.
- New Jersey Peach, following Golden Jubilee. Trees not as vigorous as the Summercrest but very prolific—requiring thinning. These New Jersey varieties are selected so as to furnish yellow freestone Peaches of great quality over a period of more than thirty. of good quality over a period of more than thirty
- Early yellow-meated freestone Canadian variety following Golden Jubilee. Good quality, excellent shipper.

PLANTING GUIDE

The ripening date given is for a normal season at Waynesboro, Virginia. Some years Peaches ripen earlier and some later. Farther south Peaches ripen earlier and farther north, later.

Note:

Foresteen

C—Indicates Clingstone
S—Semi-Freestone

F-Freestone

EARLY VARIETIES

Variety	Ripening Period
Mayflower (C)	June 15th
Red Bird (C)	June 20th
Red Haven (F)	July 15th
Carman (S)	July 20th
Golden Jubilee (F)	July 20th
Triogem (F)	July 20th
Hiley (F)	July 25th
Fireglow (F)	July 25th
Slappy (F)	July 25th
Vedette (F)	July 25th

MIDSEASON VARIETIES

Sunhigh (F)
Golden East (F) August 1st
Hale-Haven (F) August 1st
South Haven (F) August 1st
Early Elberta (F) August 1st
Champion (S) August 1st
Crawford's Early (F) August 5th
Sullivan's Early Elberta (F) August 5th
Summercrest (F)
Belle of Georgia (F) August 10th
Amador (F)
Elberta (F) August 15th
J. H. Hale (F)
Afterglow (F)August 20th
Brackett (F)
Gage Elberta (F) August 20th
Shipper's Late Red (F) August 20th
Salberta (F) August 30th

LATE VARIETIES

Late Elberta (F)	September 1st
Indian (C)	
Salwey (F)	
Heath Cling (C)	
Krummel (F)	October 5th



Waynesboro CHERRIES

The Cherry has always been one of the most delicious fruits, but has never been as extensively grown as the Apple and Peach. Unfortunately, it is not adapted to as wide a range of soil conditions and climates, but can be successfully grown in many localities where not cultivated at the present.

New processes of freezing fruit afford the Cherry great possibilities, making it possible to serve fresh Cherries throughout the year. As a commercial fruit, the Cherry is coming into its own, but if you are not in position to grow Cherries commercially, why not grow at least enough for home use? You who are located in the Deep South or in a low, flat country, will not be able to compete with the growers in a higher altitude and cooler climate, but by careful selection of varieties and attention, you should be able to grow Cherries for home use, especially the Large Montmorency, the most popular pie variety.

TWO DISTINCT CLASSES—THE **SOURS AND SWEETS**

The Sours are used chiefly for pies, while the Sweets have many uses. Outstanding among the Sweets is the Greenwood, a dark red, sweet variety. All the others on our list are also good and worthy of a place on any table.

SOUR CHERRIES

EARLY RICHMOND. Earliest of the sour, pie varieties. Bright red, round medium size, early and prolific bearer.

LARGE MONTMORENCY. The leading sour Cherry, and the most extensively planted of all Cherries. Large, midseason, dark red; small seed, firm flesh. A large percent of all the frozen Cherries used for pies are Montmorency which is also just as popular in the home orchard.



Early Richmond

Prices on Sour Cherries

	1 to 10	10 to 30	30 to 50	50 or more
	Each	Each	Each	Each
4-6 feet	\$2.25	\$2.00	\$1.80	\$1.50
3-4 feet	1.75	1.60	1.45	1.20
2-3 feet		1.35	1.20	1.00



PRIZE SUPER VARIETIES of SWEET CHERRIES

EARLY PURPLE. The earliest Sweet Cherry known. Large purple. Demands the highest prices due to its early ripening; excellent quality and appearance.

GREENWOOD. Enormous, mahogany red, sweet fruit; small seed. Firm and excellent shipper, as well as an ideal Cherry for roadside stands and home use. Trees are vigorous growers and prolific bearers. Apparently adapted to a wide range of soils and can be grown with a minimum amount of attention; however, it responds well to modern cultural practices.

AUGUST SUPREME. A patented, Red Sweet Cherry. Medium to large; flesh red to the pit. Delicious when eaten fresh or when canned, frozen, or preserved. However, its most pronounced advantage is in extending the Cherry season by ripening 30 days later than Standard Varieties.

SWEET SEPTEMBER. One of the first Cherries to be honored wi h a U. S. Patent and the only Fall Cherry known. Ripens one month later than August Supreme, making possible fresh Cherries from mid-May until mid-September. Medium size, bright red, firm and sweet.

PRICES ON GREENWOOD, AUGUST SUPREME, SWEET SEPTEMBER AND EARLY PURPLE

	1 to 10	10 to 30	30 to 50
	Each	Each	Each
4-6 feet	\$3.00	\$2.75	\$2.50
3-4 feet	2.50	2.30	2.10
2-3 feet	2.00	1.80	1.65



Greenwood



Top: Napoleon

Bottom: Black Tartarian

STANDARD SWEET CHERRIES

31NG. A large, firm, almost black; excellent shipper. Adapted to a wide range of soils and climates. Very hardy. Midseason.

BLACK TARTARIAN. Large, purplish-black. Tender, juicy, very rich. Tree a vigorous upright grower, prolific bearer. Early.

GOVERNOR WOOD. A famous Wax Cherry. Large, heart-shaped. Light yellow flushed with red. Firm and sweet. Tree vigorous and productive. Early.

LAMBERT. Large dark red, rich and firm. A.heavy and regular bearer. Tree a good grower, more resistant to fungous diseases and insects than average varieties. Good shipper. Late.

NAPOLEON. The most extensively planted of the Wax Cherries, ripening two weeks later than Governor Wood, larger and better shipper. Beautiful golden background, bright red cheek.

WINDSOR. Large, sweet, juicy and firm; almost black. Good quality; excellent bearer. Late.

Prices on Standard Varieties of Sweet Cherries

111000 011 0101111111111111111111111111			
The state of the s	1 to 10	10 to 30 30 to 50 50 or m	oře
**	Each	Each Each Each	
4-6 feet	\$2.50	\$2.30 \$2.10 \$1.75	5
3-4 feet	2.00	1.80 1.65 1.30	
2-3 feet	1.50	1.35 1.20 1.00	

Waynesboro PLUMS

Bear Young-Easily Grown

We too often think of a home orchard as consisting of only Apples, Peaches, and possibly a few Grape vines, omitting important fruits—including the Plums, which may be had in various types, ripening at different seasons.

There are two distinct types of Plums—the Oriental and European varieties. The Oriental Plums are generally quite juicy and tender, and can be best served when raw, fresh from the tree, while the European varieties are generally the firmer types, which are used for canning, preserving, butters, drying, etc. The Prune family belongs to the European Type Plums. We have endeavored to list the outstanding varieties of each class as follows:

ABUNDANCE. One of the best known of the Oriental varieties. Lemon yellow ground, overspread with bright cherry red. Large, oblong, tapering to a point; flesh orange yellow, melting, rich and highly aromatic. Abundant and annual bearer. August.

BURBANK. A long-standing favorite. Oriental variety. Large, nearly globular. Purplish-red with deep, yellow flesh. Very sweet, with a peculiar, agreeable flavor. Early bearer. August

for canning, drying, and dessert, as well as eating from the tree. Large, long, oval, purple. Flesh firm, sweet and pleasant. Freestone. September



GREEN GAGE. European type of Plum grown extensively for home use because of its excellent quality and adaptability to canning and preserving. Large, egg-shaped; purplish green skin.

MAMMOTH GOLDEN. One of the largest, most beautiful and most delicious of the golden varieties. Early August. Freestone.

RED JUNE. An early, red Oriental Plum. Usually a sure-cropper because of its late bloom. Very good variety of its season.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. An improved Damson, larger than the old type, but possessing all of its good qualities. At one time the Damson was considered a home orchard fruit, but is now in great commercial demand, being used by fruit processing plants for jams and preserves. One packing company has asked us to grow 20,000 Damson trees to be distributed among local growers. The Damson is a late bloomer, early bearer; almost a sure cropper.

STANLEY PRUNE. An Improved Prune introduced by the New York Experiment Station and considered by many as the best. Large firm, dark blue, juicy fin egrained, tender, sweet and of the very best quality. Also being planted commercially for local processing plants or for central fresh fruit markets. Late August.

WICKSON. The largest of the Oriental types. Deep maroon red Good quality but the variety has the one fault of being a shy bearer. August.



Plum and Pear Prices

1 to 10	10 to 30	30 to 50	50 or more
Each	Each	Each	Each
4-6 feet\$2.25	\$2.00	\$1.80	\$1.50
3-4 feet 1.75	1.60	1.45	1.20
2-3 feet 1.50	1.35	1.20	1.00
Special 6-7 feet Jumbo S	ize Plum (1	l to 10) \$3	.00 each

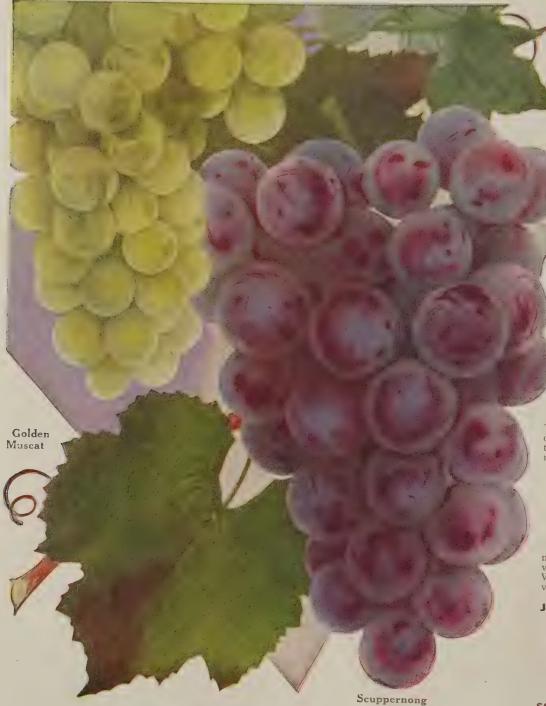


PLANTING DISTANCES

Approximate	
Distance Planted No. per Acre	
Apples	Raspberries, Blackbe
Pears	ries
Cherries	
Plums, Apricots, Nectarines15 to 20 ft 150	Strawberries
Peaches, Quinces, Figs	
Grapes8 ft. apart in rows; rows	Asparagus
about 6 ft. apart 1,000	
Boysenberries, Dewberries, Young-	Rhubarb
berries 1,000	Nut Trees

A p proximate
Distance Planted No. per Acre
Raspberries, Blackberries, Blueber-
ries3 to 4 ft. apart in rows;
rows 5 to 6 ft, apart 2,000
Strawberries
rows 3 to 3 ½ ft. apart 10.000
Asparagus
rows 3 1/6 ft apart 10 000
Rhubarb
Nut Trees

RULE—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are; number of square feet for each plant, which, divided into the number of square feet in an acre (43,560) will give the number of plants or trees to the acre.



Selected Varieties

*CACO. A new red wine Grape having a peculiar Grape flavor which makes excellent wine and Grape juice. It is also delicious to serve raw, fresh from the vine. Berries large, sweet, prolific bearer.

CHAMPAGNE. This variety has made an especially good showing in our test vineyard, producing enormous sized bunches of large, greenish white Grapes which have a delicious flavor and hang on the vines until late in the season. Prolific.

FREDONIA. A new, early Blue Grape of Concord type, ripening more than 2 weeks earlier; sweet, firm bunches, good shipper. Thick skin, less subject to attack by bees.

From this group of improved varieties a selection can be made to considerably extend the Grape season and to include Grapes of better quality.

LUCILE. Large red Grape of excellent quality; very sweet; prolific bearer. An excellent home variety, possibly a little tender for commercial purposes.

ONTARIO. An improved new white Grape of the Niagara type; extends season by hanging on the vine later; very sweet, delicious flavor. Prolific.

PORTLAND. New, early white Grape of the Niagara type; vine vigorous grower, bunches and berries larger than White Niagara, maturing earlier.

SHERIDAN. A new, blue Grape of the Concord type, ripens later, extending the Concord season. Vines just as hardy, as vigorous, and productive; sweeter and richer in quality.

GRA SPECIAL TYPES

New Seedless CONCORD

After years of experimentation and cross breeding, a perfectly hardy Seedless Grape has been developed—the first of a new strain of Grapes which should eventually replace the seeded varieties. Of the Concord type, but slightly smaller. Blue-black in color possessing the same flavor found in the Concord Grape.

GOLDEN MUSCAT

At last we have a new, hardy California Muscat type Grape which can be grown throughout the East and South, where the old Muscats are not hardy. The golden berries are large, form a compact bunch, and are very attractive. Quality is the best, fruit being meaty with a Muscat aroma.

SOUTHERN MUSCADINES

The famous Grape of the South may now be had in an assortment of varieties ripening at different times. We offer the following popular varieties in 2-Year Vines:

JAMES. Vines vigorous, foliage healthy and medium to heavy; prolific, regular bearer, large bunches of good-sized black berries which hang on well; skin medium to thin. Excellent flavor; ripens September. Fine for all purposes. We class this best of black varieties.

SCUPPERNONG. Very large, bronze flesh, pulpy, sweet, musky flavor. One of the oldest and best of the Muscadine family. September.

THOMAS. An old favorite. Reddish purple, sweet and tender; vigorous and prolific. Continues to be one of the best.

PRICES on NEW SEEDLESS CONCORD, GOLDEN MUS-CAT and SOUTHERN MUS-CADINE VARIETIES:

2-year	Each
1 to 5	\$1.25
5 to 10	1.10
10 to 30	1.00
30 or more	.90

PES

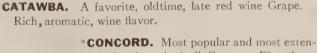
STANDARD VARIETIES

The city lot does not always afford sufficient roomfor all the tree fruits, but no lot is too small to prevent growing sufficient Grapes for home use. An arbor may be trained over the walkway to the garage,

the vines may be trained on outbuildings, the fence, or even on a trellis, affording a screen. Our large assortment of varieties will furnish Grapes of different types, ripening throughout the season. Grapes start bearing early—usually the second year after being planted, are generally annual bearers and are easily grown.

Do not let the prices of the Grapes in this group lead you to believe that these varieties are not good. This group contains the best of the Standard Varieties found in most vineyards of the East, as well as in the home orchard.

BRIGHTON. An early, dark red Grape. Medium size. Thin skin. Flesh tender, sweet, and of the best quality.



sively planted of all Grapes. Blue, large bunches, medium size berries. We advise planting along with Concord other varieties extending the season.

Champagne

DELAWARE. An early red Grape; bunches and berries small; excellent flavor and desirable in the home vineyard.

Fredonia

LUTIE. Very sweet, attractive, red Grap. Large, compact bunches. Thin skin, tender flesh. So sweet that it preserves itself on the vine, the juice condensing to syrup. Midseason.

*MOORE'S EARLY. Blue Grape of Concord type. Two weeks earlier. Berries larger than Concord, bunches slightly smaller. Good shipper and profitable market variety as well as popular for home use. Early bearer.

WHITE NIAGARA. An old favorite. The best known of the white varieties. Serves as a standard among the whites as the Concord does among the blues. Berries and bunches large. Does not crack easily and hangs on the vine well after ripening.

WORDEN. Large, black, early Grape of Concord type. Precedes the Concord by 10 days. Good quality.



Seedless Concord

PRICES OF STANDARD VARIETIES

year	\$0.60	\$0.50	\$0.40	\$0.35	\$0.30
	Each	Each	Each	Each	Each
	1 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 30	30 to 50	50 or more

50 or more. 1.50

FIGS (Not Recommended) North of Virginia

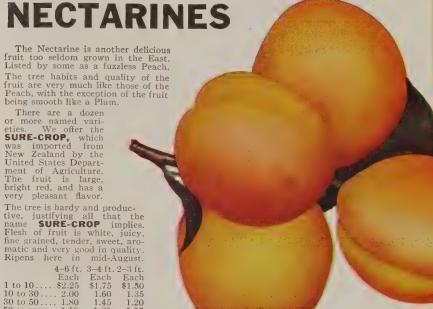
The Fig is a Southern fruit, grown only in the southern and eastern part of Virginia, and is not recommended for general planting north of Virginia. It is one of the earliest trees to bear, often producing fruit the first year after being transplanted. The Fig is too well known throughout the South to require a detailed description. However, there are a dozen or more varieties, the **Brown Turkey**, **Celestial**, and **Everbearing** being the most popular at this time.

BROWN TURKEY. Large; dark brown skin covered with thick, blue bloom. Flesh red, very 'delicious flavor. An old, popular, well-known variety.

CELESTIAL. Possibly the most extensively planted of all Figs, being suited for both home and commercial purposes. Prolific, medium size, dark blue, *weet, and delicious.

EVERBEARING. A wonderful new Fig. Begins fruiting in July and continues until frost. Large, straw-colored, sweet, delicious, firm fruit. Frequently bears the first year planted. Considered the most hardy of the Figs.

				ou or more
	Each	Each	Each	Each
3-4 feet—Bearing Size	\$1.75	51.60	\$1.45	\$1.20
2-3 feet	1.50	1.35	1.20	1.00
18-24 inches	1.30			
20 24 11101103	1.25	1.05	.95	.80





Superb Apricot



Everbearing Fig

Superb HARDY APRICOT

Delicious Apricots are just as hardy and as easily grown as Peaches and the Russian Strain which we offer even succeeds where Peaches fail. Medium size, golden yellow, freestone. Excellent quality. Early bearer.

Sizes and prices same as Nectarines

RUSSIAN MULBERRY

Hardy, prolific, sweet fruit greatly relished by birds and poultry. Fruit growers find it profitable to plant Mulberries near their Cherry trees as birds prefer the Mulberries, sparing the Cherries. Poultry raisers find Mulberry trees make desirable shade for poultry lots as well as furnish an abundance of fruit which poultry enjoys and thrives on. Many people enjoy fresh Mulberries from the tree; however they are too sweet for those who enjoy more acid fruits. The Mulberry is a rapid grower and annual bearer.

1 to 10 10 or more

		-	 	-								T2- 1	TO OI IHOIE
												Each	Each
0-8	It			,					٠	٠	٠	\$2.50	\$2,25
4-6	ft.				٠	,						1.75	1.50

ORANGE QUINCE

A very popular fruit which is seldom found on the market and is always in demand. Large, orange shaped; fine, golden firm flesh of excel-lent quality. Best known of all Quincess

2-3 ft 1.50 1.35

Griental PERSIMMON

The culture of this delicious fruit has been somewhat curtailed because many who are not familiar with it have attempted to compare it with our native Persimmon. It is regarded by some as being a tropical fruit. While it will grow in more tropical climates it can be grown in Virginia along the coastline much fartner north and generally throughout the South. A large, delicious fruit, averaging as large in size as our biggest Delicious Apples. The Tane-Nashi variety which we grow and recommend, is roundish, conical in shape and the skin is bright red when fully ripe. As attractive in appearance as delicious in quality.

1 to 10 10 or more The culture of this delicious fruit has been

4-6 3-4	ft.	 					 -			1 to 10 Each \$2.75 2.25	10 or mor Each \$2.50 2.00
		•		* .		۰	۰	۰	۰	2.20	2.00

BERRIES

Modern Home Quick-Freeze Units and Public Frozen Locker Plants make possible fresh, frozen fruits and vegetables throughout the year. Naturally it behooves each home owner to fill his locker with home grown foods which always taste better. Berries have a high priority among frozen fruits. Plant berries not only for home use. but for an increasing commercial demand.

RASPBERRIES

There are two distinct classes of Raspberries—the Blackcap and the Red, the Blackcap being grown over a large part of the United States, while culture of the Red is more or less restricted to the colder part. Here in Virginia we grow both but sell more of the Blackcaps, among which Cumberland is the leader.

New Red Everbearing INDIAN SUMMER

A new, early, Everbrearing Raspberry which is not only among the best Reds, producing a crop in the Spring, but re peats during the Fall. Large, conical, firm, excellent quality. Introduced by New York Experiment Station and now being planted throughou the East.

Prices: \$2.00 per 6, \$3.00 per 12, \$5.00 per 25, \$8.00 per 50, \$15.00 per 100, \$32.50 per 250, \$57.50 per 500.



Latham

BLACKBERRIES

ELDORADO. Best known, most popular, hardiest, sweetest Blackberry. Large, black berries borne in clusters; practically coreless. Extensively planted both commercially and for home use. Prolific and profitable. Early.

BLOWERS. Large, glossy blackberries, which grow in clusters; melting sweet, excellent flavor, prolific. Midseason.



Standard Red Raspberries

CHIEF. A sport of the famous Latham, but 10 days earlier, extending the season. Large, firm; heavy yielder. Good quality.

LATHAM. Brilliant red, mosaic free; good shipper as well as useful for canning. The most extensively planted Red Raspberry. Just as important among Reds as the Cumberland is among the Blackcaps.

SUNRISE. A new early Red Raspberry introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture. Very early with a long picking season which makes it ideal for the home garden. Hardy, flavor and quality the best. Can be grown farther South than many Red varieties. Useful in connection with other varieties, because of its early ripening.

Standard Red Prices: \$1.80 per 6, \$2.60 per 12, \$4.50 per 25, \$7.50 per 50, \$13.50 per 100, \$27.50 per 250, \$47.50 per 500

BLACKCAPS CUMBERLAND. Outstanding among Blackcaps; standard

commercial variety, as well as popular in the home garden; large purplish black, prolific. Firm, good quality; most extensively grown Raspberry, succeeding over a wide area. Let your main crop of Blackcaps be Cumberland. Midseason.

LOGAN. A new Blackcap; early, ripening one week ahead of Cumberland; heavy yielder. Large, glossy black; an excellent companion to Cumberland, extending Blackcap season.

Blackcap Prices: \$1.45 per 6, \$2.10 per 12, \$3.30 per 25, \$5.70 per 50, \$9.90 per 100, \$21.40 per 250, \$34.50 per 500, \$60.00 per 1000

CUMBERLAND RASPBERRY. 2 yr. transplanted. \$2.25 per 6, \$4.00 per 12, \$7.50 per 25.

Lucretia DEWBERRIES

Often referred to as a low growing Blackberry. There are several varieeties; of Dewberries; Lucretia is the most popular and satisfactory. Fruit is large, often meas- uring $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. in length, sweet, highly flavored.



Cumberland

Blackberry and Dewberry Prices: \$1.45 per 6, \$2.10 per 12, \$3.30 per 25, \$5.70 per 50, \$9.90 per 100, \$24.30 per 300



BOYSENBERRY THE NEW MONEY-MAKER

Known to bear nearly 6 tons per acre. Berries get to be $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches long, 1 inch thick, Sweet, with few seeds.

DELICIOUS SERVED FRESH, FROM THE FROZEN FOOD LOCKER, CANNED, OR IN JAM

Within the past few years wonders have been accomplished in Within the past few years wonders have been accomplished in cross breeding and selecting outstanding specimens of fruits. Among the greatest accomplishments in cross breeding is the Famous Boysenberry, often referred to as the Wonder Berry. A hybrid fruit produced by crossing Raspberry, Blackberry and Loganberry. It is more vigorous than any of its parents. Immense in size and when you taste it, you will agree that in flavor it stands supreme. Berries measure as much as 2 inches in length. Yields up to six tons per acre are reported. Commercially, it outsells all berries, but its greatest value is its qualities adapting it to home use. Delicious when served fresh, with sugar and cream; wonderful for canning; makes excellent pies when fresh, canned or frozen; makes good jam which is quite conspicuous because of the absence of many of the seeds found in other berries, as the Boysenberry is almost seedless. Color, a pleasing. berries, as the Boysenberry is almost seedless. Color, a pleasing.

bethes, as the Boysenberry is almost seedless. Color, a pleasing, purplish wine. July.

We recommend planting Boysenberries 6 feet apart in rows 8 feet wide, requiring 900 plants per acre. They may be trained to wires or left on the ground.

STANDARD BOYSENBERRY

The original type, the vines of which have somewhat objectionable thorns like the Dewberry; however, is desirable in combination plantings with the Thornless Boysenberry as the Standard ripens 10 days later, extending the Boysenberry season.

THORNLESS BOYSENBERRY

Differs from the Standard Boysenberry only by the vines be ing thornless and the fruit ripening 10 days earlier.

Boysenberry Prices: \$2.00 per 6, \$3.00 per 12, \$4.75 per 25, \$8.25 per 50, \$14.25 per 100, \$29.50 per 250, \$50.00 per 500, \$85.00 per 1000

BLUEBERRIES

Boysenberry

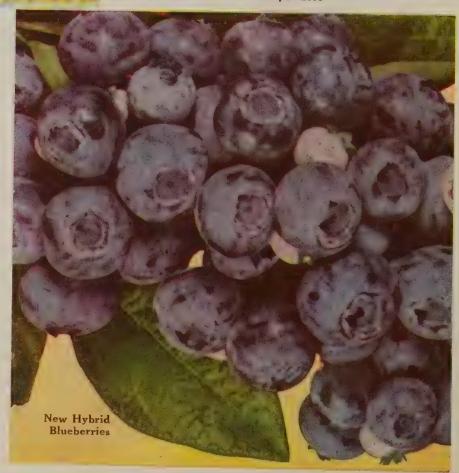
Possibly no fruit has undergone within the past few Possibly no fruit has undergone within the past few years greater improvement than the Blueberry. Improved, named varieties now offered are the result of cross breeding the native, wild Blueberries, which are now miniature berries compared with the new hybrids, which grow in large clusters; are plump, tender, and practically seedless. The demand for this new fruit—fresh, frozen, the connection is trampadeus. or canned—is tremendous.

In addition to bearing a profitable crop, the Blueberry is an attractive ornamental shrub which may be planted

Blueberries require an acid humus soil. If your soil is deficient in humus and acid, we recommend making a heavy application of peat moss, rotted sawdust, decayed leaves, or something of that nature, plus a 1 to 2 lb. application of Rho-Za-Grow, depending upon size of plants.

We can furnish this delicious fruit in an assortment of most popular varieties, including **Cabot, Concord, Jer-sey** and **Rubel**. We recommend ordering assorted varieties so they will cross pollinate and fruit freely; July and August.

5 to 10 10 to 30 30 to 50 50 or more Each Each Each **\$1.15** 12-18 in. . \$1.85 \$1.60 \$1.35 \$1.00 2.45 1.60



Rlakemore

Majestic

STRAWBERRIES

grown in almost all soils and climates requiring little attention other than keeping the beds free of weeds. It, however, responds to fertilization and culture. A lot of delicious fruit can be obtained from a very small section of your garden.

Strawberries may be had in assorted varieties. It is certainly advisable to have a selection furnishing berries throughout the season, but we do not recommend more than a sufficient number of varieties to cover the season and furnish proper pollination. From the following list a selection may be made furnishing delicious fruit from the earliest to the latest-including two of the leading Everbearers furnishing Strawberries during the Fall, when berries are at a premium.

NOTE-Strawberries are put up 25 plants to the bunch and are not offered in smaller quantities than 25, or in broken bunches

Standard Spring Fruiting Varieties of Strawberries

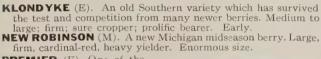
(E)—Early; (M)—Midseason; (L)—Late

AMBROSIA (L). A new, giant, bright red, sweet, late berry ripening a month later than Blakemore, extending the fresh Strawberry season. Self-pollinating. Long, stiff stems carry the fruit above ob-

extending the fresh Strawberry season. Self-pollinating. Long, stiff stems carry the fruit above objectionable grit and sand.

AROMA (L). An old variety which continues to be one of the best of the late berries. Firm, bright red, medium to large, good shipper, sweet and delicious. Hardy, seldom being killed by frost. Late.

BLAKEMORE (E). The berry of the South, where more Blakemore are grown than all other varieties combined, producing year after year crops of early, bright red, firm, sweet berries. Both a good shipper and a popular home variety. The Blakemore can be grown in all parts of the U. S. where Strawberries are cultivated, but due to its hardiness, freedom from disease, and dependability—producing crops under the most unfavorable conditions—it is the universal berry throughout the South



PREMIER (E). One of the best know early, commercial varieties, being large, of good quality, firm shipper One of the most popular home garden varieties.

Prices of Standard Varieties \$1.75 per 50, \$3.00 per 100, \$6.00 per 250, \$9.50 per 500 \$16.00 per 1000

MAJESTIC (M)

A new, patented variety which originated in Virginia, but its popularity has spread throughout the East due to its enormous yield, having made an average yield of more than double other leading varieties in the various State Experiment Station tests. Extremely large, rich bright red; firm and long distance shipper. If your space is limited, plant the Majestic

is limited, plant the Majestic and obtain the maximum yield; or if you are growing berries commercially, plant the Majestic and reap a really handsome profit. One of the few Strawberries ever to be honored with a United States patent which it States patent which it well deserves.

Per 50. . Per 100... Per 250... 4.00 Per 1000 25.00

PARCEL POST SHIPMENTS OF STRAWBERRIES

Or STRAWBERRIES
Our Strawberry Plants are sold f.o.b.
our shipping point, but can often be
shipped to the best advantage by Parcel Post. It is impossible to estimate in
advance exactly what the postage will
be, but if you would like your plants
shipped by Parcel Post, advise and we will do so, and
you may remit whatever postage the package shows.

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES. See page 20



STRAWBERRIES—Continued

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

The Everbearing Strawberry does for Strawberries what the Hybrid Tea Rose does for Roses—extends the season from May until November. We offer two outstanding Everbearing Strawberries both of which will bear the first season.

GEM. Possibly the best known and most extensively planted of the Everbearing Strawberries, making in the Spring a normal yield of firm, sweet, large, glossy, dark red berries, and then repeating in the Fall, when berries are more or less a novelty.

Prices on Gem Everbearing Strawberry: \$3.00 per 50, \$5.00 per 100, \$10.00 per 250, \$16.00 per 500, \$25.00 per 1000.

STREAMLINER (Sensational New Everbearing Strawberry). This Strawberry has sped its way to popularity. Never has a Strawberry had such an enthusiastic welcome. The sweetest of all Everbearers. The berries are Jumbo Sized, glossy, red, and delicious; conical in shape and uniform in size throughout the Season. Produces an enormous crop in May, starting again in July, after sixty days rest, and continuing until freezing weather. Up to a quart of berries per plant has been known for the Streamliner. One of the best for freezing and serving fresh, as well' as for preserving.

Prices of Streamliner Everbearing: \$4.00 per 50, \$7.00 per 100, \$15.00 per 250, \$25.00 per 500, \$45.00 per 1000



WAYNESBORO NURSERIES, INC

Every Home Should Grow ASPARAGUS

y Home Should Grow ASPARAGUS
and RHUBARB

Mary Washington Asparagus

ASPARAGUS

We cannot imagine any plant more easily grown than Asparagus, its chief requirement being a deep, fertile soil. When grown commercially, Asparagus is planted in rows 3 to 4 feet and 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. When grown for home use, it may be planted in a bed or border. We grow and offer excluclusively the New, Pedigreed WASHINGTON Variety, which is resistant to rust. 100 plants will furnish your table with fresh Asparagus tips for 6 weeks in early Spring.

2 yr., field-grown roots: \$2.35 per 25, \$3.75 per 50, \$6.00 per 100, \$12.00 per 250, \$18.75 per 500, \$30.00 per 1000.

1 yr. field-grown roots: \$1.70 per 25, \$2.75 per 50, \$4.50 per 100, \$9.00 per 250, \$14.00 per 500, \$20.00 per 1000

RHUBARB

It would be difficult to conceive a garden vegetable offering more food value for the cost and effort than Rhubarb, which prefers a deep, fertile soil, but requires very little attention.

Produces delicious food in the early Spring when garden vegetables are scarce. We offer the **Victoria**, which has enormous long stalks of cherry red color, very tender. Plant 3 to 4 feet apart in rows or beds.

2 yr. roots: 30c. each, \$3.00 per doz., \$5.50 per 25, \$10.00 per 50, \$18.00 per 100

Jumbo Size, transplanted roots: 50c. each, \$5.00 per doz., \$8.50 per 25, \$15.00 per 50, \$25.00 per 100



Giant Victoria Rhubarb

Waynesbora NUT TREES

At one time the wild, native nuts, in an assortment of varieties, could be harvested in almost At one thie the wild, harive nuts, in an assortment of varieties, could be narvested in almost all timbered sections of the East, but this is no longer possible. The American Sweet Chestnut was wiped out by the Chestnut blight. The American Shellbark Hickory Nut has been cut for wood and even the American Black Walnut—which is one of the most valuable timber trees—has been practically eliminated as a native tree. So if we are to enjoy native nuts, it is necessary to cultivate them, just as we are now cultivating fruits and farm crops.

BERT (HAZELNUT). In recent years much attention has been given this hardy, valuable nut which grows into a small, shrub-like tree seldom attaining a height of more than 15 ft. We offer both the Native American and the much improved European Filbert. Both are adapted to a wide range of soil and climate and are being cultivated in most parts of the United States; are extensively grown in Washington and Oregon. FILBERT (HAZELNUT).

Native American. 3-4 ft. \$2.50 each, \$13.50 per 6; 4-5 ft. \$3.50 each, \$19.50 per 6.

Barcelona. Most popular of the large European varieties. 3 4 ft. \$3.50 each, \$19.50 per 6; 4-5 ft. \$4.00 each, \$22.50 per 6.

BLACK WALNUT. Of course, every planter is familiar with the Native Black Walnut, but not all are aware of its possibilities. As a timber proposition, Black Walnut culture is extremely profitable, especially when planted on pasture land, as the Black Walnut does not interfere with the grass, which thrives under the trees, and when established, the trees afford shade for livestock. Produces nuts, which are now in great demand and grows into valuable timber. We offer root pruned, transplanted trees as follows: 2-3 ft. \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per doz., \$80.00 per 100; 3-4 ft. \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per doz., \$120.00 per 100; 4-6 ft. \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per doz.; 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per doz.; 8-10 ft.



per doz.; 4-5 ft. \$4.50 each.

ENGLISH WALNUT. A familiar nut in the stores but it is not generally known that the English Walnut can be grown to perfection here in Virginia and other Eastern States. It could mean to the Middle Atlantic Area what the Pecans mean to the deep South. Two trees on a farm here in the Shenandoah Valley have for the past 20 years more than paid the taxes on the entire farm, besides supplying the family. English Walnut Trees require no more space and care than Apples, begin bearing just as early. It is not unusual for a tree to produce \$40.00 worth of nuts per season. 18-24 in. \$2.25 each, \$24.00 per doz.; 2-3 ft. \$3.00 each, \$33.00 per doz.

SHELLBARK HICKORY. Famous American Shellbark Hickory which was never fully appreciated until most of the trees had fallen at the hands of man. Trees are now being cultivated and planted commercially. 2–3 ft. \$2.50.



PECANS

Mahan Pecan

Virginia is located in the northern end of the Pecan growing section and its culture is not recommended here or north of Virginia as a commercial crop, but almost every home owner desires a few trees for supplying home requirements possibly using same for shade and ornamental effect. Of course, our customers south of Virginia plant Pecans for both commercial and home use. From numerous named varieties we attempt to offer only selected varieties, satisfactory in the area we serve.

ties, satisfactory in the area we serve.

TAHAN. A new, very large, thinshell, early bearing Pecan. It is too much to expect one variety to possess all the good qualities and none of the bad ones, but we do believe the Mahan comes as near meeting all requirements as any known variety. The nut is the largest and the shell the thinnest of all Pecans we have tested. We have observed 4 to 5 ft. trees bearing the second year after being transplanted but we would not have you expect all to bear that young. A Pecan is doing good to begin bearing 5 to 6 years after transplanting. We offer this new, large early bearing, thin shell Pecan in the 4-5ft. size at \$5.00 each, \$27.50 per 6, \$50.00 per doz.

Chestnut

PAPERSHELL. Medium to large, thin shell, nuts of good quality. One of the most satisfactory for this area.

Also makes a beautiful shade tree. Why not plant a combination tree producing both nuts and shade? 2–3 ft. \$2.25 each, \$12.50 per 6, \$20.00 per doz.; 3–4 ft. \$3.00 each, \$16.50 per 6, \$30.00 per doz.

STUART. Possibly the best known and most extensively planted of all Pecans because of its adaptability to a wide range of culture. Can be grown in the deep South and as far North as any of the Southern varieties. As the Mahan becomes better known, it is gaining rapidly on Stuart in popularity. 3–4 ft. \$3.50 each, \$19.50 per 6, \$36.00 per doz.; 4–5 ft. \$4.25 each, \$24.00 per 6, \$45.00 per doz.



BLIGHT RESISTANT CHESTNUT

Several years ago, Chestnut blight destroyed our Native Chestnut. Since that time the U. S. Department of Agriculture has been searching for a blight resistant strain. After many tests, it was found that a type of Chinese Chestnut was not only blight resistant, but an early bearer of large, good quality nuts. For many years trees were being offered only for experimental purposes, but at last we have enough to offer through our catalogue.

1 year, 12-18 in. trees: \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per dozen 2 year, transplanted: \$2.50 each, \$27.00 per dozen, 2-3 \$3.50 each, 3-4 ft., \$4.00 each



HERBS and **GARDEN ROOTS**

In Colonial Days the average American home considered its Herb Garden just as important and essential as the Vegetable Garden but the Herb Garden has gradually been neglected and until recently, almost forgotten—the housewife depending on the grocery store shelves for food seasonings and extracts, many of which were imported from foreign countries. The war suddently cut off the source of supply reviving American interest in Herb and Vegetable Gardening. A supply of choice herbs in the home enables the housewife to convert into wholesome dishes many foods which otherwise would not be consumed. It is not only economy to grow Herbs for the table, but convenient and a source of satisfaction.

CHIVES. Mild, Onion-like flavor. Used for soups and salads.

HORSERADISH. Well known, popular seasoning for meats and used as a relish. Grates fine

PEPPERMINT. Leaves and tender tops used for cooling drinks and for flavoring.

SPEARMINT. Used chiefly for iced drinks and juleps.

SAGE. An old-time Herb which is still much in demand for seasoning meats. Also a very popular commercial crop.

TARRAGON. Used in salads and in making vinegar; delicious in jello and fruit cups.

THYME. Seasoning plant and also a lovely ground cover frequently planted in the rock garden or perennial border. **WATERCRESS.** Spicy leaves used for flavoring sandwiches and salads. Also affords one of the best Winter and early Spring cooking greens. Plant in small streams or pools.

Prices on above Herbs and Garden Roots: 30c. each, \$3.00 per dozen, \$20.00 per 100

rnamental and Landscape Department

It is not possible at this time for everyone to immediately have a new home but it is possible to improve the appearance of the old home by modernizing your planting. No doubt many new varieties have been made available since the old planting was made and some of the old shrubs and trees have served their usefulness. So great improvement could be accomplished by remodeling and reviving the old planting—putting in newer and better varieties, properly arranged.

SHRUBS

This important class of plant material has many uses in modern planting. We can hardly conceive a garden without a shrub border, some specimens, and possibly the low growing types used in the foundation planting. Improvements in varieties have extended the blooming season, as well as afforded a more beautiful combination of colors. Shrubs, as a rule, are inexpensive, easily transplanted, and grown. We offer the following collection of choice varieties.

ALMOND FLOWERING (Prunus japonica florepleno). Dwarf shrub. Double pink flowers appear in Spring in masses, covering the plant. 18-24 in. \$1.00 each, 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each.

ALTHAEA—ROSE-OF-SHARON (Hibiscus syriacus). While the Althea is an old shrub, few realize and appreciate its usefulness and beauty. At its best at a time when the shrub border most needs a touch of color, blossoming in July and continuing until frost. An ideal shrub for backgrounds or shrub borders. Grows to a height of 6 to 8 ft., branched from the ground, but can be trained into a small tree. We offer Althea in both Double and Single in the following colors: **Pink, Purple, Red, and White,** and as **Single Lavender.** 2–3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 4–5 ft. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 5–6 ft. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen. ner dozen.

ARALIA. FIVE-LEAVED (Acanthopanax pentaphyllum). 6 to 8 ft. A hardy shrub. Planted chiefly for its hardiness and attractive foliage. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each.

ARROW-WOOD (Viburnum dentatum). 10 to 15 ft. Large white flowers, blue berries. Beautiful, Autumn colored foliage. Thrives in damp soil. 2–3 ft. \$1.00 each, 3–4 ft. \$1.50 each; 4–5 ft. \$2.00 each.

each.

BARBERRY, RED-LEAVED
(Berberis atropurpurea). A
sport of the well-known Barberry
thunbergi, differing by having
bright red foliage, corresponding to the Red-leaved Maple.
Yellow blossoms followed by red
berries in the Fall, which hang
on well into Winter. (See illustrations.) Grows 4 to 5 ft.
Plant in full sunlight. 15–18 in.
75c. each, 87.50 per dozen; 18–24
in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen;
2–3ft.\$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

BARBERRY thunbergi (Berberis ARBERRY thunbergi (Berberis thunbergi.) Too well knownt o require a detailed description as this popular shrub is found in almost every planting. 3 yr. 15–18 in. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$45.00 per 100; 4 yr. 18–24 in. 85c. each, \$8.50 per dozen, \$60.00 per 100; 5 year. 2–3 ft. \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per dozen per dozen.



Red-Leaved Barberry



Hartwegi, Charming, Dubonnet Buddleia



Abelia

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA

One of the most beautiful and useful of all shrubs. Glossy foliage which is evergreen in Virginia excepting severe Winters—making it eligible for classification as a broadleaved evergreen as well as a shrub. So we are listing it under both Shrubs and Broadleaved Evergreens. Grows to a height of 4 to 6 feet making it ideal for foundation planting; also used for hedges and shrub borders. Small, light pink, tubular blossoms appear in July and continue until frost. One of the most

For balled and burlapped specimen plants, see Broadleaved Evergreens

BEAUTYBUSH (Kolkwitzia amabilis). 5 to 6 ft. A new shrub which has great possibilities. Deciduous. Resembles Abelia, but blooms early in the Spring. May be used in combination with Abelia and other shrubs of similar height and habits to furnish blossom throughout the Summer. Long, arching branches covered in the early Spring with masses of pink, tubular blossoms. (See illustration, page 23) 18-24 in. \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.60 each, \$16.00 per dozen; 2-3 ft.

per dozen.

BUSH HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera), 6 to 8 ft. Hardy, easily grown shrubs which have many uses, thriving in both shade and sunlight, furnishing bloom in Spring followed by red berries later in the season. We offer the following varieties in the 2-3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4-5 ft. \$1.50 each.

Morrowi. Widespreading branches producing a profusion of creamy white flowers, followed by bright red berries relished by birds.

Tatarica grandiflora rosea. Large-flowering, improved Pink Bush Honeysuckle. Hardy, vigorous growing shrub. Free bloomer.

Tatarica rubra. One of the few shrubs affording pink flowers in April, followed by bright red berries. Useful in hedges, shrub borders, and backgrounds.

by bright red berries. Useful in hedges, shrub borders, and backgrounds.

BUTTERFLYBUSH (Buddleia), Azure Fairy (Alternifolia). 5 to 6 ft. Most hardy and earliest blooming of the Buddleias; a weeping fountain of beauty; drooping lilac colored flowering spikes as much as 2 ft. Worthy of a place in the better gardens. 2-3 ft. 85c. each, 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each, 4-6 ft. \$1.75 each; 6-7 ft. specimens, \$3.50 each.

BUTTERFLYBUSH (Buddleia, Summer Lilac). Under this class we offer a collection of five of the finest new varieties known which will furnish from early Summer until frost long spikes of various colors. After you see them, you will agree that great improvements have been made in varieties of Buddleia in the past few years and you are going to be pleased with any ordered from our collection which we offer in the 2 yr. at \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Charming. Nearest to a pink of any variety thus far produced.

Dubonnet. New, reddish purple, similar to fle de France; somewhat more vigorous grower.

Dubonnet. New, reddish purple, similar to Ile de France; somewhat more vigorous grower.

Hartwegi. Compact grower with bright lavender flowers.
 Ile de France. One of the best and most popular of the new named varieties. Profusion of rosy purple flower spikes, 6 to 9 in. long. July to frost.
 Crimson King. Same habits of growth and blooming season as the Ile de France but flowers are deep purplish red.

CHINESE BEAUTYBERRY (Callicarpa purpurea). 2 to 4 ft. Graceful, dwarf shrub. White flowers during July and August, followed by masses of purple berries, making it an important berried plant. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

CORALBERRY (New) Chenaulti (Symphoricarpos chenaulti). 3 to 4 ft. Useful, dwarf-like shrub which can be grown in almost any kind of soil or location. Somewhat weeping. Light pink flowers in early Summer followed by coral berries which hang on well into the Winter. Hardy, easily transplanted. 2-3 ft. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. 85c. each, \$8.50 per dozen.

COTONEASTER divaricata (Spreading Cotoneaster). From China. Grows 5 to 6 ft. High, graceful spreading habit; small, green polished leaves, red, egg-shaped fruit. Glorious scarlet Autumn tints. 2-3 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$2.00 each.



Beauty Bush

SHRUBS—Continued

CRANBERRY BUSH (Viburnum americanum). White flowers followed berries. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each.

DESMODIUM penduliflorum. 6 to 7 ft. Bunches of small lavender clover-like blossoms in September and October. Useful because of its blooming at a season when the are few flowering shrubs in bloom. 3 yr. plants 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

DEUTZIA. An old, popular garden shrub which is now available in an assortment of improved varieties. We offer the following:

Crenata. 6 to 8 ft. Double pink. Slightly

Pride of Rochester (Deutzia scabra), 6 to 8 ft. Fast growing, early. Masses of pink-tinged flowers covering the shrub.

Prices on above varieties of Tall Growing Deutzias: 2-3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen

peutzia gracilis (Slender Deutzia). 2 to 3 ft. One of our best dwarf flowering shrubs; arching branches covered with pure white flowers in April or May; not as hardy as the taller growing varieties. 12-15 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

Gracilis rosea (Rose Panicled Deutzia). Similar to the Gracilis, but pink. 12–15 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

DOGWOOD, Golden Stem (Cornus stolonifera lutea). 6 to 7 ft. A useful shrub because of its golden branches which are quite ornamental during the dormant season. Its white flowers are followed by white berries which make it useful as both a flowering and berried shrub. 2–3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen.

Red Stem (Cornus stolonifera). 6 to 8 ft. Spreading shrub with bright reddish purple branches which are quite ornamental during the Winter months. Creamy white flowers in dense clusters followed by white berries making it a useful year-round shrub. 2–3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 4–5 ft. \$2.00 each; 6–7 ft. specimen plants, \$3.50 each.

ELDER, AMERICAN (Sambucus canadensis). 8 to 9 ft. Clusters of fragrant white flowers in July, followed by black berries which are ornamental until late Fall. 5–6 ft. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each.

EUONYMUS alatus (Winged Burningbush). 6 to 8 ft. Unusual shrub. Upright, dwarf habit, compact, horizontal, spreading branches with a unique, corky, winged growth; tiny, chocolate colored flowers, followed by red berries; beautiful scarlet Autumn foliage. 2–3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.60 each.

FLOWERING QUINCE (Cydonia japonica). 4 to 6 ft. Old shrub which is found in almost every garden. Red

berries; beautiful scarlet Autumn foliage. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.60 each.

FLOWERING QUINCE (Cydonia japonica). 4 to 6 ft. Old shrub which is found in almost every garden. Red and orange flowers in early Spring lasting for several weeks, followed by orange-colored fruits which are ornamental and useful for jellies. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

FORSYTHIA (Goldenbell). Average height 6 to 8 ft. A most useful shrub. One of the first flowering shrubs to bloom, covered with yellow, tubular flowers before the foliage appears and it is an attractive and useful shrub throughout the rest of the year. Often used as hedges, screens, shrub borders and especially useful on steep banks, preventing erosion as it can be grown in almost any kind of soil and climate.

Dwarf Forsythia. A new dwarf Forsythia resembling Spectabilis but growing only 2 to 3 ft. in height. Suitable for foundation planting. 12-18 in. \$1.00 each; 18-24 in. \$1.50 each.

Fortune Forsythia (Forsythia fortunei). Vigorous, upright grower; twisted petals.

Green-stemmed Forsythia (Forsythia viridissima). Most vigorous; green bark, dark green foliage. Late. Showy Border Forsythia (Forsythia spectabilis). Newest, most populär and most profuse bloomer. Rich, golden yellow.

golden yellow.
 Weeping Forsythia (Forsythia suspensa). Excellent as a ground cover for steep banks and for hiding unsightly objects. Beautiful habit of growth and blossoms.
 Forsythia Prices: 2-3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen, \$60.00 per 100; 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen, \$85.00 per 100; 4-5 ft. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen
 FRAGRANT SUMAC (Rhus canadensis). 4 to 5 ft. Clusters of small yellow flowers in April and May. Most attractive in June when covered with coral-red fruits. Aromatic foliage. 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, 4-5 ft. \$2.00 each.

HAWTHORN

(Crataegus). The Hawthorns somewhat resemble Flowering Crabs but are usually more compact rounder shaped trees. Especially useful in large estates, cemeteries, and parks. 12 to 18 feet.

Crataegus coccinea (Thicket Thorn). Shrubby habit with long, curved spines and oval-shaped leaves. Large white flowers and dull red fruits in Autumn.

Crataegus cordata (Washington Hawthorn). Especially noted for its bright red berries; white blossoms in Spring and glossy green foliage throughout the Summer, turning to scarlet in Autumn.

Crataegus crusgali (Cockspur Thorn). Also noted for its attractive red berries in Autumn. Compact grower, orange and scarlet Autumn foliage.

Crataegus oxyacantha (English Hawthorn). Single white flowers, red berries. More dwarf grower and

grower, orange and scarlet Autumn foliage.

Crataegus oxyacantha (English Hawthorn). Single white flowers, red berries. More dwarf grower and especially suited for the smaller garden; however it may be used in any sized planting.

Hawthorn prices: 3-4 ft. \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per doz.; 4-5 ft. \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per doz.; 5-6 ft. B&B \$6.00 each



Watermelon Red Crapemyrtle

HYDRANGEAS

HYDRANGEAS, Hills of Snow (Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora). 3 to 4 ft. Pure white, early blooming variety continuing throughout the Summer. Can be grown in full sunlight or partial shade. 18-24 in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.35 each, \$13.50 per dozen.

per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.35 each, \$13.50 per dozen.

Peegee (Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora). 6 to 8 ft. An old shrub which continues to be in great demand. Large, white, conical shaped heads appearing in August and remaining intact throughout the season but turning to a light pink during the Fall. For best results prune back each Winter. 18-24 in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.35 each, \$13.50 per dozen; 4 ft. \$2.00 each

HYDRANGEA, TREE. Peegee type trained into tree form. 3-4 ft. \$3.00 each.

HYPERICUM

July and August. 2 yr. 75c. each; 3 yr. clumps, \$1.00 each; 5 yr. clumps, \$1.00 each; 3 yr. clumps, \$1.00 each.

Crapemyrtle LAGERSTROEMIA

The South's most beautiful shrub. May be had in assorted colors; blooms from July until frost. While it has been known to stand temperatures of as much as 15 degrees below zero, it is not considered entirely hardy. However, it can be grown most successfully and is a beautiful shrub in the eastern part of Virginia, Washing ton, D. C. and along the Atlantic Seacoast even farther north. Throughout the South the Crapemyrtle ranks at the top as a flowering shrub, growing to be much larger and being longer lived than This beautiful shrub may be had in Pink, Waterin this area. melon Red, Purple, and White. It is more difficult to transplant than most shrubs, should be pruned back severely when transplanted and given plenty of time to start new growth. (See illustration.) Spring planting recommended.

2-3 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.; 3-4 ft. \$2.50 each; 4-5 ft. B&B, \$6.00 each; 5-6 ft. B&B, \$7.50 each; 6-7 ft. B&B, Specimen Plants, \$15.00 each. Large Specimens quoted on request



Hypericum



Blue Hydrangea

BLUE HYDRANGEA

(HYDRANGEA MACROPHYLLA)

Used extensively as potted plants, also popular as outdoor garden plants. Especially beautiful in the East, along the seacoast; however, can be grown in almost all parts of the country provided the soil is kept acid; some protection is desirable where the temperature goes below zero. We recommend during the Winter mounding the earth as is the practice with Roses. Approximately 2 to 3 ft.; glossy green foliage. Violet blue flowers in acid soil; pink in sweet soil (See illustration.) 1 yr. 75c. each, \$7.50 per doz.; 2 yr. \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per doz.; 3 yr. \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per doz.

IBOTA PRIVET (Ligustrum Ibota). 8 to 10 ft. White blossoms followed by shiny, blue-black berries which hang on until late Winter. 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each.



Virginalis Mockorange

SHRUBS-Continued

JAPANESE BLOODLEAF MAPLE (Acer palmatum atropurpureum). 8 to 10 ft. A small Maple with blood red foliage throughout the Summer. 2-3 ft. B&B, \$5.00 each; 3-4 ft. B&B, \$7.50 each.

JAPANESE GREENLEAF MAPLE. Same as the Bloodleaf except green foliage. 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each;

JERSEY TEA (Ceanothus americanus). 2 to 3 ft. Attractive, dwarf shrub. Prefers shady locations. Sweetly scented white flowers in early Summer. 4 yr. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

JETBEAD (Rhodotypos kerrioides). Compact bush studded with pure white flowers in late Spring, followed by fruits like jet-black beads, which persist throughout the Winter. 2-3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen.

KERRIA japonica florepleno. 4 to 6 ft. Bright green stems, dark green foliage and double yellow blossoms all Summer. 2-3 ft. \$1.25 each.

LILAC (**SYRINGA**), **Hybrid Named Varieties.** An old shrub which has lost none of its popularity; in fact, it is more in demand than ever, due to the great improvement in varieties, which are numerous. We have carefully selected the choice varieties listed below, from which a selection can be made meeting any requirement, affording Lilacs unsurpassed in beauty and charm.

Belle De Nancy. Double. Pink.
Charles Joly. Double. Reddish purple.
Charles X. Single. Reddish purple.
Doyen Keteleer. Double. Pink.
Ellen Willmott. Double white.
JanVanTol. Considered best single pure white.
Ludwig Spaeth. A good single violet.

Marie Legraye. A well known single white.
Michel Buchner. Dwarf. Double lilac.
Persian. Fragrant lilac. Free bloomer.
Pres. Grevy. Magnificent, large, double blue.
Pres. Lincoln. Single, bluish violet.
Rubra de Marley. Single. Reddish purple.
One of the best.

Prices on above named varieties of Lilacs: 18-24 in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$2.25 each

LILAC, Common Purple and White (Syringa vulgaris). The old-fashioned Lilacs found in almost every garden, regardless of how simple or elaborate. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 4-5 ft. \$2.25 each.

MOCKORANGE (Philadelphus). An old shrub which has been improved in variety and still has a place in every garden.

Bouquet Blanc (Philadelphus, Bouquet Blanc). 4 to 5 ft. Semidouble, pure white. Profuse bloomer; dwarf, compact grower. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$1.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each

Sweet (Philadelphus weet (Philadelphus coronarius), 8 to 10 ft. A vigorous grower and adapted to either full sunlight or partial shade. Very fragrant, creamy white flowers borne in great profusion. 2–3 ft. 80c. each, 88.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$1.50 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 81.50 each, \$10.00 per \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Virginal (Philadelphus irginal (Philadelphus virginalis). 6 to 8 ft. New. Very fragrant, large, semi-double, pure white flowers in profusion in May and in fewer sion in May and in fewer numbers throughout the Summer. Recommended as the best of all Mockoranges; in fact, one of our best garden shrubs. (See illustration.) 2–3 ft. \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.60 each, \$16.00 per dozen.



REGEL PRIVET (LIGUSTRUM REGELIANUM)

Four to five feet. A beautiful shrub which serves a very useful purpose where a low growing plant is required. Very hardy; dark, shiny leaves; graceful, drooping branches. Ideal for covering walls, banks, or a low foundation. (See illustration.)

18-24 in 85c. each, \$8.50 per doz. 2-3 ft \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.

PEARLBUSH ((Exochorda grandiflora). 8 to 10 ft. A large, fast-growing shrub. Pure white flowers in May. Useful in shrub borders, backgrounds, and as screens. 3-4 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each.

PURPLE FRINGE, or SMOKE TREE (Rhus cotinus). 10 to 12 ft. Conspicuous, spreading, shrublike tree. Large clusters of round leaves, overhung in Midsummer by mist-like clouds of tiny lavender pink flowers, hanging on for months. 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen; 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each.

PUSSY WILLOW (Salix discolor). 8 to 10 ft. Frequently found in shrub borders. Also useful as cut flowers when the branches are cut in the early Spring and brought indoors to bloom. 3-4 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$1.00 each; 6-8 ft. \$1.75 each.

ROSA HUGONIS. Early yellow flowers. Used chiefly as a shrub and for borders. 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each,

ROSE-ACACIA (Robinia hispida). 5 to 6 ft. Rosy pink flowers in May and June. Suitable for mass planting on steep banks. 2 yr. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

ROSEMARY WILLOW (Salix incana). 8 to 10 ft. Attractive, slow growing Willow with silvery leaves resembling Russian Olive. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

SNOWBALL, Common (Viburnum opulus sterilis). Very satisfactory, hardy shrub with beautiful clusters of globular white flowers in May. 2-3 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$2.00 each.

SNOWBALL, Oriental (Viburnum tomentosum plicatum). 7 to 8 ft. This more dwarf-like type is more extensively used than the old-fashioned Common Snowball. In addition to its big white flowers in June, it has beautiful, glossy green foliage throughout the Summer turning to a purple in Autumn. 2–3 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$2.00 each, \$20.00 per dozen.

SNOWBERRY (**Symphoricarpos racemosus**). 4 to 5 ft. Handsome, dark green foliage and a profusion of large, white berries in the Fall. Conspicuous in any border planting. 2-3 ft. 80c. each, \$80.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.25 each.

SHRUBS—Continued

SPIRAEAS. A useful class of shrubs, available in many varieties. The following are especially useful since they can be used for both small home planting and larger landscape developments. Spireas as a rule are easily grown, inexpensive, adapted to a wide range of soils. Hardy in almost all climates.

Anthony Waterer. 2 ft. Especially useful under windows and along shrub borders, requiring a low growing shrub. Flat, rose pink flower clusters in great numbers in June, smaller numbers during the rest of the Summer. 12–15 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen; 15–18 in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Billiardi (Spiraea billiardi). The Everblooming Spirea. Medium height. 4 to 6 ft. Pink and white spikes which are at their best in July but continue until frost. 2–3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

SPIRAEA, Blue (Caryopteris incana). 18 in.
Dwarf grower; somewhat perennial-like, since in
this locality the tops die back to the ground each
Winter, but reappear promptly on the approach
of Spring, affording an abundance of pleasing
blue flowers throughout the Summer. 3 yr. plants, 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen.

Bridalwreath (Spiraea prunifolia). The old-fashioned White Bridalwreath. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Froebeli (Spiraea froebeli). 3 ft. Similar to the Anthony Waterer but stronger grower; rose pink flowers in July. 15-18 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen; 18-24 in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

Golden (Spiraea opulifolius luteus), 4 to 6 ft. Golden variegated foliage, white flowers in early Spring. 3-4 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4-5 ft. \$1.50 each.

Korean (Spiraea trichocarpa). One of the newer varieties, resembling Vanhouttei, blooming 2 to 3 weeks later, extending the season. Pure white. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

Reeves Spiraea (Spiraea reevesiana). 5 to 6 ft. White flowers borne in clusters along the branches in May. Differs from Vanhouttei chiefly by having larger foliage. 18-24 in. 75c. each. \$7.50 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

thunbergi (Spiraea thunbergi). 4 to 5 ft. A dense fluffy bush with attractive, green, feather-like foliage which turns to beautiful colors of orange and red in Autumn. Dainty white flowers; first of the Spireas to blossom in Spring. 18–24 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen; 2–3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

vanhouttei (Spiraea vanhouttei). 6 to 8 ft. At home almost everywhere planted, under the most favorable and unfavorable conditions. Medium grower. Often used in foundation plantings, shrub borders, as specimens, and put to numerous other uses. Spreading, attractive shrub, good foliage and in the early Spring is covered with masses of pure white flowers. 2–3 ft. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen, \$45.00 per 100; 3–4 ft. 85c. each, \$8.50 per dozen, \$65.00 per 100.

STRAWBERRY BUSH (Euonymus americanus)

6 to 7 ft. Leaves bright green in Summer, changing to colorful hues in the Fall. The red berries, which appear from bursting capsules after the leaves drop are quite showy. 18-24 in. \$1.00 each; 2-3 ft. \$1.50

SWEET PEPPER BUSH (Clethra alnifolia), 4 to 5 ft. Its medium height lends it to many uses in the garden. Spikes of fragrant, white flowers in August and September when few flowering shrubs are in bloom. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each.

SWEET SHRUB (Calycanthus floridus). 4 to 6 ft. An old garden favorite. Dark, reddish brown, sweetly scented. May to October. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.

TAMARIX (Tamarix africana), 8 to 10 ft. Tall, slender, straggly growing tree with beautiful, feather-like foliage. Delicate pink flowers in April. 2-3 ft. 80c. each, \$8.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 4-5 ft. \$2.00 each.

VIBURNUM carlesi. 4 ft. Beautiful new shrub from Korea, producing delicate spice-scented, most fra-grant, light pink flowers in May and June. One of the most popular new shrubs. 18-24 in. \$1.75 each; 2-3 ft. \$2.50 each.

VITEX (Chaste-tree). 4 to 5 ft. Large, showy lavender flower spikes in July and last until frost. We offer the **Macrophylla**, the large-leaf type—also the **Incisa**, the cutleaf type. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen.

WEIGELA (Weigela). An old garden shrub which continues to be in demand. Used in gardens of all sizes and designs. Our selection of varieties meets

Eva Rathke. 4 to 5 ft. Free bloomer, beginning in June and blooming intermittently until late Fall. Bright red. 18-24 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.25 each.

Floribunda (Weigela floribunda). 7 to 8 ft. most promising new variety resembling Rosea in habit of growth, but bright red. One of the better shrubs. 18-24 in. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen. (See illustration).

Rosea (Weigela rosea). 7 to 8 ft. Best known and most extensively planted of the Pink Weigelas, blooming abundantly in June. 2-3 ft. \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per

WINTER JASMINE (Jasminum nudiflorum).
Prostrate grower; used for covering banks and walls.
Profusion of yellow blossoms in early Spring, usually
March. 3 yr. clumps, \$1.00 each, \$10.00 per dozen;
4 yr. clumps, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.



Weigela Floribunda

WHITE FRINGE (Chionanthus virginica).

Very showy shrub, 12 to 15 ft. in height. Large leathery, shiny leaves; masses of lace-like, drooping, white flowers in May, followed by large, purple berries. A native of Virginia but hardy and easily grown over a wide area. Especially useful near streams, affording a pleasing effect when planted in front of Weeping Willows and other drooping trees. 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen; 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each.

WINTERSERRY (Hex verticillata), 6 to 8 ft. Deciduous Holly noted for its bright red, shiny berries used at Christmas time for decorative purposes. For best results plant in groups of three or more. Hardy from Maine to Florida. 18-24 in. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen; 2-3 ft. \$1.20 each, \$12.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per dozen.

BOXWOOD HEDGE

Colonial Virginia Gardens are especially noted for their beautiful Old Boxwood Hedges which are still possible with our Standard Boxwood and may be had at a small cost by starting with our Special Hedge Size. 12-15 in. at \$12.50 per dozen, \$47.50 per 59, \$8.5.00 per 100. Recommend planting 18 inches apart.

HEDGE PLANTS

A hedge is ornamental, as well as it affords protection, costing less than metal, wood or stone fences; requires little attention other than some

shearing, which is less expensive than the painting and upkeep of other fences. We especially recommend to you the Evergreen Amur River Privet. However, there are other varieties of plant material which can be used as a hedge.

Planting—For a dense, compact hedge, we recommend 6 inches apart in a single row and pruning back within 2 or 3 inches of the ground at time of planting



Evergreen Amur River Privet

AMUR RIVER PRIVET

(LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE)

The Southern, evergreen type. Just as hardy as the California Privet and more beautiful because it retains its glossy green foliage throughout the average Winter. A rapid, compact grower, making a dense hedge in a short time. May be kept sheared to almost any height from 1 to 8 feet. It may also be used as a screen or background where, if permitted to grow freely, it affords a profusion of white flowers in May and large quantities of shiny blue berries which hang on throughout (See illustration.)

Prices for Amur River and California Privet

	10-50	50-100	100-300	300 up
	Each	Each	Each	Each
1 year, 18-24 in	. \$0.15	\$0.12	\$0.10	\$0.08
2 year, 2 3 ft	25	.22	.20	.16
3 year, 3-4 it		.30		

CALIFORNIA PRIVET

(LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM)

One of the oldest and best known of the hedges. as extensively used as the Evergreen Amur but planted tarther north. Dark, glossy green foliage, somewhat larger than the Amur River. Similar in habits of growth, but not evergreen. See prices above.

BARBERRY THUNBERGI

See page 22 for **Barberry Thunbergi** which may also be used for hedges.

Waynesboro's Choice Evergreens

Evergreens are not only beautiful in Winter when the earth is brown and deciduous trees are barren, but are graceful and effective during the Summer.

Note-Sizes of Evergreens indicated by * will be furnished with puddled roots and moss balls. Other sizes will be dug with ball of earth.

ARBORVITAE (Thuja)

There are two distinct types of Arborvitae —the American and Oriental. There are more than 50 varieties of the American, comprising one of the most useful classes of Evergreens. The Arborvitaes are hardy, adapted to a wide range of soil and climate, easily transplanted, and have many uses.

AMERICAN TYPES

American (Thuja occidentalis). The mother of this big class. Dark green foliage, pyramidal in form, but more spreading and less compact than American Pyramidal. Foliage flat and arranged on edge. Useful as a windbreak, screen or as a specimen. *18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00.

Columbia (Thuja occidentalis, Columbia). A compact, pyramidal type. Light green, silver-like foliage. 10-12 ft. \$27.50, 12-15 ft. \$35.00.

Globe (Thuja globosa). One of the most extensively used of the Arborvitaes, being a dwarf, compact, globe-shaped grower, making it an ideal evergreen for foundation planting, for hedges, bordering flower gardens and numerous other uses. Dark green foliage. (See illustration.) *12 in. \$2.25, 15 in. \$3.00, 18 in. \$4.50, 24 in. \$6.00.

Golden, or George Peabody (Thuja occidentalis lutea). Resembles the American in habits other than having golden foliage, which makes it useful in giving a touch of color when planted in groups with green varieties. 10-12 ft. \$27.50, 12-15 ft. \$35.00.

Consider the plant. (See Manachar) 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00.

Siberian (Thuja occidentalis wareana). A hardy Russian variety classed under the American because it closely resembles the American types; foliage darker green than the American; more spreading and more dwarf grower. *18-24 in. \$2.50, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50.

Tom Thumb (Thuja occidentalis ellwangeriana). This little dwarf evergreen is what the name sugartic than the sugart evergreen is what the name sugartic than the sugartic sugartic

This little dwarf evergreen is what the name suggests; feather-like foliage; globe shape. *12-15 in. \$2.25, 15-18 in. \$3.00, 18-24 in. \$4.00.

Vervaene (Thuja occidentalis vervaeneana).

Dwarf pyramidal grower, hardy. Suitable for foundation planting. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$3.75.

ORIENTAL TYPES

Berckmans Golden (Thuja orientalis aurea nana). Most extensively used of any of this class of Evergreens. Dwarf, compact grower; very pleasing golden-tipped foliage. Most hardy of the Oriental types being grown throughout the East. (See illustration.) *12-15 in. \$2.25, 15-18 in. \$3.00, 18-24 in. \$4.00, 24-36 in. \$5.00, 30-36 in. \$6.00. Compact (Thuja orientalis compacta). Semidwarf, bright green foliage, used as screens, specimens and even in foundation plantings where space permits. 10-12 ft. \$35.00. Golden Pyramidal (Thuja orientalis pyramidalis aurea). Similar to the Compact, but more pyramidalurea).

aurea). Similar to the Compact, but more pyramidal in form and has golden tipped foliage. Same

Spiralis (Thuja orientalis conspicua). Slender, ir-

regular grower; used in plantings with other varieties because of its peculiar habit of growth; dark green foliage. 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 7-8 ft. \$9.00, 8-10 ft. \$15.00.



Pyramidal Arbovitae

CEDARS

DEODAR (Cedrus Deodara). famous Cedar of the Himalayan Mountains. Tall, rapid grower with silvery foliage, which makes it most useful for planting in groups. Also a beautiful lawn specimen. Not entirely hardy north of Washington, D. C. In its native India often attains a height of 75 ft. 2-3 ft. \$5.00, 3-4 ft. \$6.50, 4-5 ft. \$9.00. Write for prices on large specimens.

CEDAR OF LEBANON (Cedrus libani). One of the most valued forest trees in its native Palestine, where it played a part in Biblical history. Dark green foliage. Tall, rapid grower. 10–12 ft. \$27.50, 12–15 ft. \$35.60.



Berckmans Golden Arborvitae

A group of Evergreens useful in general landscape work, but not as widely used as the Arborvitae and Junipers. Grow to be large trees and are used in both group plantings and as specimens. Unsuited for low, wet land.

Makes an excellent, live Christmas tree, which can be lighted and used from year to year. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 10-12 ft. \$25.00, 12-15 ft. \$40.00. BALSAM (Abies balsamea).

SILVER (Abies concolor). This beautiful Silver Fir corresponds to the Blue Spruces, but is more compact, uniform, and a better grower. Must be planted in well drained soil. 18-24 in. \$4.50.

April 3, 1946

Received the plants from you yesterday and take pleasure in advising that I am very much pleased with the sitself but especially with the evident care in packing. (Signed) J. H. SENIOR

Pennsylvania



Globe Arborvitae

A Complete FOUNDATION

Consisting of 8 Selected Everg Suitable for the Small Home

- 2 Irish Juniper, 3-4 ft.-For each side of
- 2 Hemlock, 2-3 ft.—For corners of house. 2 Savin Juniper, 2-3 ft.—At side of Irish
- Berckman's Arborvitae, 15-18 in.-Next

8 CHOICE EVERGREENS

Offered as a Special Group— Planting No. E-21—for only

Savin Juniper

CHOICE EVERGREENS

Continued

HEMLOCK CANADIAN

(TSUGA CANADENSIS)

Possibly America's most satisfactory and most popular Evergreen. Hardy, adapted to a wide range of soil; strong growers, beautifully shaped trees with good foliage. Easily transplanted and may be kept sheared to almost any desired shape and size. Excellent as a foundation planting tree, to be used at the corners and in other spaces where a taller growing Evergreen is required. Also makes excellent hedge and useful as a background or screen about the garden. (See illustration.) *18-24 in. \$2.50, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00, 5-6 ft. \$8.00.

Carolina (Tsuga caroliniana). An odd type found high in the mountains of western North Carolina. More dwarf and compact than the Canadian. 2-3 ft. \$4.00.



Canadian Hemlock

JUNIPERS (Juniperus)

The Juniper group comprises one of our most useful families of Evergreens. They may be had in numerous shapes, colors and textures of foliage, as well as in sizes to meet almost any requirement. The Junipers, as a rule, prefer a rather dry, sunny location. An effective, complete landscape planting may be made of Junipers, arranged according to height, spread, and color of foliage.

Andorra (Juniperus communis depressa plumosa). A compact, prostrate grower, with beautiful, grayish green foliage in Summer, turning to attractive bronze color during the Winter. Hardy, strong grower. 18–24 in. \$2.75, 2–3 ft. \$3.50, 3–4 ft. \$4.50.

Ashford (Juniperus communis ashfordi). Columnar type Juniper similar to Irish but having more spread; silvery green foliage; gracefully drooping. 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00. Columnar (Juniperus chimensis columnaris). Chimese pyramidal or columnar type having more spread than Irish; darker green foliage, 4–5 ft. \$6.00, 5–6 ft. \$7.50, 6–7 ft. \$10.00.

Greek (Juniperus excelsa stricta). Semi-dwarf, massive grower, its spread generally equaling its height; silvery green foliage; hardy. 15–18 in. \$2.50, 18–24 in. \$3.50, 24–30 in. \$4.50.

Horizontalis (Juniperus horizontalis). A prostrate grower with dark green foliage. Used for covering banks, stones and other objects which cannot be covered with sod. 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00.



Pfitzer's Juniper



Irish Juniper

Irish (Juniperus communis hibernica). A tall, columnar type with silvery green foliage. Often used at corners and at posts in foundation plantings where a columnar type is required. Also used in formal gardens where it can be kept sheared to almost any desired height. A hardy, vigorous grower, easily transplanted. Prefers full sunlight. (See illustration.) *18-24 in. \$2.00, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00, 5 6 ft. \$7.50.

squamata meyeri). A Chinese, low growing, semi-prostrate variety.

An odd, irregular shaped Evergreen with silvery green, somewhat variegated foliage, which makes it an odd, conspicuous plant in the garden. Approximately 5 ft. when mature. 18–24 in. \$3.50, 24–30 in. \$4.50, 30–36 in. \$6.00, 3–4 ft. \$7.50.

Pfitzer's Juniperus chimensis pfitzeriana). Possibly the best known and most extensively planted of all the Junipers, as well as it ranks near the top among all the Evergreens. A low grower, almost prostrate; silvery green foliage. Hardy and adapted to almost all soils other than a very wet soil which no Juniper likes. Especially useful in foundation plantings, under windows, in low Evergreen borders, etc. *15–18 in. \$2.00, 18–24 in. \$3.00, 2–3 ft. \$4.00, 3–4 ft. ft. \$5.00, 5–6 ft. heavy specimens, \$20.00.

Pfitzer's Silver Blue (Juniperus pfitzeriana kosteri). Is all the name implies being a twicel.

Pfitzer's Silver Blue (Juniperus pfitzeriana kosteri). Is all the name implies, being a typical Pfitzer with silvery blue foliage; more compact grower. 2-3 ft. \$4.50, 3-4 ft. \$6.00. Savin (Juniperus sabina). A description of the Pfitzer's Juniper may be applied to the Savin other than the foliage is green, the Pfitzer's having a somewhat bluish tinge. Especially useful under windows in a foundation planting. (See illustration.) 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$7.50, 5-6 ft. \$17.50.

Tamarix (Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia). Prostrate growing type, suitable for rockeries, slopes and borders for pools. 3-4 ft. spread \$4.50, 4-5 ft. spread \$6.00.

Virginiana glauca (Blue Juniper). Silvery foliage similar to Blue Spruce, making it an ideal Evergreen for planting in groups of green foliage varieties. Pyramidal type and grows to be a large tree like the native Red Cedar; however, it can be kept sheared into a compact specimen of almost any height desired. 3-4 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$6.00, 7-8 ft. \$17.50, 8-10 ft. \$25.00.

PINES (Pinus)

Pines are used as screens, backgrounds for gardens, along driveways, groups for framing in buildings. The small, dwarf Mugho is used in foundation plantings; in beds, at entrances, and in numerous other positions in the garden where low growing Evergreens are required.

AUSTRIAN (Pinus nigra). Attains a height of 50 ft., but is a slow, dwarf grower compared with some. Compact; dark green foliage, long needles. Makes an excellent specimen tree for either large or small estates. 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00, 5-6 ft. \$8.00, 6-8 ft. \$10.00, 8-10 ft. \$15.00, 10-12 ft. \$25.00.

MUGHO (Pinus montana mughus). An attractive, dwarf Pine, seldom growing more than 4 ft. in height, the spread even exceeding the height. Especially attractive in early Spring, when the new growth starts. (See illustration, page 28.) *12-15 in. \$2.25, 15-18 in. \$3.50, 18-24 in. \$5.00, 24-30 in. \$6.50, 4-5 it. \$25.00, 5-6 ft. \$37.50.

ORIENTAL RED (Pinus densiflora). Long, dark green needles. Resembles the Austrian, but a faster grower. Makes a very beautiful, specimen tree. 8-10 ft. \$15.00, 10-12

PONDEROSA (**Western Yellow Pine**). A fast, large-growing Pine. Long, dark green needles. 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00, 5-6 ft. \$8.00, 6-8 ft. \$10.00.

(Pines continued on page 28)



Mugho Pine

CHOICE EVERGREENS—Continued

PINES—Continued

SCOTCH (Pinus sylvestris). One of the fastest growing Pines. Bluish green foliage makes it effective as a specimen, but most generally used as screens and in group plantings. 2-3 ft. \$2.75, 3-4 ft. \$3.50, 4-5 ft. \$4.50, 5-6 ft. \$6.00, 6-8 ft. \$8.00, 8-10 ft. \$12.50, 10-12 ft. \$20.00.

WHITE (Pinus strobus). A native Evergreen with soft, silvery green foliage. Fast grower and one of the most useful and satisfactory Pines. (See illustration.) 3-4 ft. \$4.00, 4-5 ft. \$5.00, 5-6 ft. \$6.00, 6-8 ft. \$8.00, 8-10 ft. \$12.50, 10-12 ft. \$20.00.

RETINOSPORA

A fast growing class of Evergreens, hardy and adapted to many uses. Can be kept sheared and used in foundation plantings, as well as in screens and groups.

Filifera (Thread Retinospora). Semi-dwarf. Globeshaped when young, gradually assuming a more pyramidal shape after becoming older. Foliage weeping and effective. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$6.50.

Pisifera (**Sawara Retinospora**). Fast growing, pyramidal type. Soft, green, feather-like foliage. Somewhat weeping. Very hardy. Also available in the golden foliage type. 2–3 ft. \$3.50, 3–4 ft. \$4.50, 4–5 ft. \$6.00, 12–15 ft. \$35.00.



RETINOSPORA—Continued

Plumosa (Plume Retinospora). Similar to the Pisifera, but somewhat finer, softer foliage-*18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 12-15 ft. specimens, \$35.00.

Plumosa aurea (**Golden Plume Retinospora**). Pyramidal-growing Evergreen, with plume like, golden tipped foliage. Most generally used in groups of Evergreens, affording a contrast in color. 10-12 ft. \$25.00, 12-15 ft. \$35.00.

Squarrosa veitchi (Moss Retinospora). Fine, soft, silvery foliage. Especially attractive when young, but subject to blight when becoming older. *18-24 in. \$2.50, 2-3 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$5.00, 4-5 ft. \$6.50.

SPRUCE (Picea)

Colorado Blue (Picea pungens glauca). A Blue Evergreen, which is popular in the northern part of the United States, where it thrives, but is not recommended for the Deep South, where the climate is too warm for the best results. *15-18 in. \$3.50, 18-24 in. \$6.00.

Norway (Picea excelsa). The best known of all the Spruces. Easily transplanted, fast grower and adapted to many uses, including screens, windbreaks, for quick effect in foundation plantings, as specimens, and as live Christmas trees, planted nearby where they can be reached with a wire from the home. *18-24 in. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 10-12 ft. \$25.00, 12-15 ft. \$35.00. Write for quotations on larger sizes.

White (Picea alba). Grows similar to the Norway, but has silvery green: oliage. 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 10-12 ft. \$25.00, 12-15 ft. \$35.00.



White Pine

YEWS (Taxus)

This very satisfactory class of Evergreens has only recently been given proper recognition. The Yews consist of a large assortment of varieties, making it possible to select types for almost any purpose. They, as a rule, retain their dark green color well throughout the Winter, are hardy, can be grown in full sunlight or partial shade. They are especially useful in foundation plantings, where there is some shade.

ENGLISH GOLDEN (Taxus baccata aurea).

Dwarf, compact.
is one of the old, famous Yews found in English gardens.
18-24 in. \$7.50, 24-30 in. \$10.00.

HICK'S (Taxus hicksi). An upright, columnar type, similar to the Irish Vew but a faster grower; very dark green; hardy. *15-18 in. \$3.50, 18-24 in. \$5.00, 24-30 in. \$7.50.

ORIENTAL PYRAMIDAL (Taxus cuspidata capitata). Useful in planting at entrance to the garden, beside steps, at corners, and in spaces between windows in foundation plantings where pyramidal Evergreens are required. *15–18 in. \$3.50, 18–24 in. \$5.00, 24–30 in. \$7.50.

ORIENTAL SPREADING (Taxus cuspidata). Grows similar to the Pfitzer's Juniper, but has dark green foliage, and survives in shade. *15-18 in. \$3.50, 18-24 in. \$5.00, 24-30 in. \$7.50.

Plant an **EVERGREEN HEDGE**

Coniferous Evergreens make very satisfactory hedges. They, as a rule, require less shearing than Privet Hedges, as well as the varieties used for hedges are hardy and beautiful.

NORWAY SPRUCE

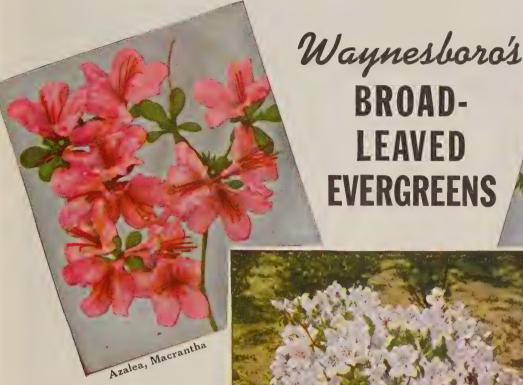
Ten to twelve feet. Balled and burlapped plants, which will make an effective hedge or screen planted 6 feet apart. \$15.00 each, in lots of 30 or more.

HEMLOCK

*18-24 inches, in	lots of	30 or	more	\$2.00 each
2-3 feet				\$3.00 each
3- 4 feet				\$4.00 each



Taxus Hicksi



No group of Ornamentals has gained more in use and popularity within the past 25 years than Broadleaved Everpast 25 years than Broadleaved Ever-greens, which are beautiful throughout the year. Many offer a double and triple attraction by flowering and fruiting, the berries remaining on well into Winter. This large group offers plants of various habits suitable for many uses, making possible complete plantings exclusively of Broadleaved Ever-greens.

Azalea, Ledifolia Alba

BARBERRY, Evergreen (Berberis)
Julianae. Most popular of the upright, evergreen varieties. Beautiful, large, dark, glossy green leaves which turn to an attractive bronze color during the Winter, Very hardy. *15-18 in. \$2.00, 18-24 in. \$2.00: 2-3 ft. \$4.00.

Azalea, Hinodegiri

argenti. Similar to the Julianae, but somewhat more spreading and does not retain its foliage quite so well. *18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, Sargenti.

NOTE—Prices on Broad-leaved Evergreens include Balling and Burlapping with the exception of the smaller sizes, indicated with *.

ABELIA grandiflora. Also listed under Shrubs, since it can be used with Deciduous Shrubs. During severe Winters, it loses much of its foliage, but is reasonably hardy and even if injured during Winter it comes right back, more beautiful than ever, blooming the first season. Light pink blossoms from July on. 2-3 ft. \$2.50, 3-4 ft. \$3.50, 4-5 ft. \$4.50.

AZALEAS

The Azaleas are among the most beautiful of the early blooming Broad-leaved Evergreens. They may be had in a large assortment of varieties from which we have made a selection meeting the requirements of the area we serve. Selection is made not only for color and abundance of bloom but for hardiness and general adaptability. The demand for Azaleas has so greatly increased that we have found it necessary to establish a Special Azalea Branch Nursery between Waynesboro and Lynchburg on Route 151. We have named this Branch Nursery GARDENS, which we invite you to visit, especially when Azaleas are in bloom. We offer the following choice dwarf varieties, maturing at heights varying a. An old

AZALEA amoena. An old variety with conspicuous purplish-red flowers in April and May. One of the hardiest of all. Matured

nowers in April and May. One of the hardiest of all. Matured height 3 ft.

Appleblossom. Large, Apple Blossom pink; strong, upright grower. Matured height 4 ft. Medium late bloomer.

Coral Bell. Early, hardy, free bloomer. Coral-pink.

Early Dawn. Another good pink, similar to Apple Blossom. Earlier and taller.

Hinodegiri. The best known and most extensively planted of all the Hardy Azaleas. Early bloomer; compact, dwarf grower. A solid mass of bright carmine flowers which remain intact for a long period in May. Matured height 3 ft.

Ledifolia alba. Large, pure white flowers; strong, vigorous grower; Semi-evergreen foliage. Quite showy and useful, especially when planted as a background for Hinodegiri. Matured height 4 ft.

Macrantha. Not only one of the most beautiful large salmon red Azaleas in flower, but its glossy, dark, evergreen foliage is ornamental throughout the year. Blooms almost a month later than Hinodegiri, extending the Azalea season. Hardy, dwarf, low, compact grower.

compact grower.

Mello-Glo. Charming cerise pink with golden suffusion; strong grower; few days later than Hinodegiri and taller growing plant.

Snow. Dwarf; beautiful pure white flowers; thick, glossy foliage which is well retained through average Winter. One of the best whites; blooms with Hinodegiri.

8-10 in . . 10-12 in . . 12-15 in . .

Flame (Azalea calendulacea). Various shades of yellow, orange and flame; blooms in May; matured height 3 ft.; one of the best of the Deciduous Azaleas. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$4.00.

BARBERRY verruculosa. Best of the low growing dwarf Barberries. Small, light green leaves, silvery underneath; perfectly hardy. *12-15 in. \$2.25.

BOXWOOD (Buxua)

The first group of Broadleaved Evergreens to be extensively used as states of the South are recognized as being some of the most interesting gardens in America and are visited annually by thousands of tourists. Boxwood are long lived, slow to medium growers, beautiful throughout the year. They have many uses in both old and modern gardens, are especially noted for the bordering of driveways, walks, flower beds, and taller varieties are even used as screens. There are many varieties of Boxwood. We offer most popular, practical types. (See illus.)

Boxwood continued on page 30)



Dwarf Boxwood Hedge and Specimen

American Holly

HOLLY (ILEX). Well known, popular group of Broad-leaved Evergreens; useful in garden as well as for Christmas decoration material. Glossy, dark green foliage and red berries; we recommend use of Rho-Za-Grow on Hollies and the planting of both male and female plants.

American (Ilex opaca). Adapted to a wide range of soil and climate. In many places will grow into specimen trees 25 ft. or more in height, but often kept sheared in the garden to small specimens. White flowers in early Spring, the female plants producing red berries which hang on throughout the Winter (*See illustration*.) 2–3 ft. \$3.50, 3–4 ft. \$4.50, 4–5 ft. \$6.00. Large specimens as follows: 9-10 ft. \$27.50, 10-12 ft. \$37.50.

Boxleaf (Ilex convexa). Dwart, compact grower. Most effective dark, glossy green, convex foliage. We consider this one of the best of the Dwarf Evergreens suitable for foundation plantings 15–18 in. \$4.50, 18–24 in. \$6.00.

Chinese (llex cornuta). Masses of large red berries which appear on younger plants than the American. Not entirely hardy in the colder, higher altitudes of Virginia, but ideal in the eastern half and all points farther south. 18–24 in. \$4.00, 2–3 ft. \$5.00.

Oriental (llex crenata). Differs from the Chinese by having small, thick, dark green foliage, red berries. 18-24 in. \$4.00, 2-3 ft. \$5.00, 3-4 ft. \$7.50.

Yaupon (Ilex vomitoria). Somewhat resembles Oriental but faster grower, during severe Winters it does not retain its foliage as well as Orien-

tal; red berries. 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00.

Chinese Holly

BROADLEAVED EVERGREENS-Continued

BOXWOOD Blue Pyramidal (Buxus sempervirens glauca). This variety is rare, but its tall, pyramidal habit and beautiful blue green foliage make it sure to become better known, more extensively used. 18-24 in. \$3.50, 24-30 in. \$4.50, 30-36 in. \$6.00.

BOXWOOD, Oriental (Buxus japonica). Fast growing variety with large, light green foliage; especially adapted far South where climate is too hot for other varieties. 30-36 in. \$7.50, 36-42 in. \$10.00.

BOXWOOD, Standard (Buxus sempervirens). Often referred to as Standard Box because of its general use. No doubt more of this useful variety is grown than all other varieties combined. Medium grower, maturing at a height of 15 ft. or more with equal spread. Slender, pointed, dark green leaves; pyramidal in form when young, becoming broader as the plant becomes older. Sometimes confused with its more dwarf companion, Buxus suffruticosa, which is a close rival for first place. Buxus sempervirens has many uses and has always been in great demand. Especially useful in hedges, borders, and as specimens. Requires good soil and drainage.

E	Each	Doz.	50	100				50	
* 8-10 in. 5 yr.\$6	0.60	\$6.00	\$20.00	\$38.50	18-24 in. spec.	B&B\$4.00	\$42.50	\$162.50	\$300.00
*10-12 in. 6 yr.	.75	8.00	30.00	55.00	24-30 in. spec.	B&B 5.00	55.00		
*12-15 in. 8 yr.	1.25	12.50	47.50	85.00	30-36 in. spec.	B&B 6.00	66.00		
15-18 in. spec.					36-42 in. spec.	B&B 9.00	100.00		
В&В	2.50	27.50	100.00	175.00	42-45 in. spec.	B&B14.00			

BOXWOOD, Dwarf English (B. suffruticosa). This is the round-leaved, slow growing, compact variety frequently found on the old estates here in Virginia. Specimens several hundred years old having a spread of 8 or 10 ft. are still the pride of many of the famous gardens but the enormous prices offered for these old specimens have moved many of them to new homes. We recommend purchasing young plants permitting them to increase in value as they grow and at same time serve to make your garden more beautiful.

	Each	Doz.	50	100			50	
4-6 in. 5 yr., transpl	80.45	\$5.00	\$15.00	\$ 25.00	15-18 in. spec. B&B\$4.50			\$360.00
6-8 in. 6 yr., transpl 2-15 in. spec.		6.00	20.00	37.50	18-21 in. spec. B&B 7.50 21-24 in. spec.	80.00		
B&B	3.00	33.00	125.00	230.00	B&B 12.00			

Larger Sizes of Boxwood Quoted on Request



Magnolia Grandiflora

CHERRY LAUREL (Prunus laurocerasus). growing, small tree with large, dark, glossy green leaves. White flowers in Spring followed by blue-black berries. Can be kept sheared to almost any desired height and shape. Not hardy in western part of Virginia. 5–6 ft. \$7.50, 6–8 ft. \$10.00.

> cotoneaster microphylla. Prostrate; small, dark, evergreen foliage. Less affected by severe Winters than Horizontalis. White flowers folbright red berries. 18-24 in. \$3.00, lowed by bright 24-30 in. \$3.75.

ELAEAGNUS pungens fruitlandi (Bronze Elaeagnus). Dark green leaves, silvery beneath. Creamy white flowers in Fall. Mysterious, edible fruits ripening during Winter. One of the most hardy Broadleaved Evergreens. Useful in Broadleaved Evergreen foundation plantings, in groups, borders, and as specimens. *15–18 in. \$2.00, 18–24 in. \$3.00, 2–3 ft. \$3.75, 3–4 ft. \$5.00. **ELAEAGNUS** pungens fruitlandi

ENGLISH LAUREL (Laurocerasus rotundifolia). Large, glossy green leaves somewhat resembling the Magnolia grandiflora. Not hardy in Western part of Virginia, extensively used in States south of Virginia, in all positions in which a medium growing, Broadleaved Evergreen is required. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$3.75, 3-4 ft. EUONYMUS patens. 4 ft. most satisfactory of all Euon-ymus. Low, dwarf grower; hardy. White flowers in the hardy. White flowers in the Spring, followed by red ber-ries, which remain on until well into the Winter. Makes an excellent foundation plant. *18-24 in. \$1.75, 2-3 ft. \$3.00.

ERICA gracilis. A beautiful, hardy, low-growing Evergreen, scarcely more than 12 in. in height, and 18 in. spread. Dark green, evergreen foliage. Entire plant covered with profusion of rose-colored, fragrant, tubular flowers from January until April. Even without flowering, this charming little plant would be worthy of a plant would be worthy or a place in your garden. Ideal for the rock garden or border, 5 yr., puddle-root plants, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 5 yr., B&B, \$2.50 each, \$25.00 per



Erica Gracilis



Pyracantha Rogersi

BROADLEAVED EVERGREENS

(Continued)

HEATHER, SCOTCH (Calluna vulgaris). An old garden plant made famous through Scotch folk songs and poetry. Adapted to dry soils. Midseason purple flowers. to dry soils. Midseasch. *5 yr. clumps, \$2.00 each.

HOLLYGRAPE (Mahonia). A group of Broad-leaved Evergreens, resembling Hollies, but belonging to a distinct class. Dwarf growers which can be put to many uses. Especially attractive because of their berries, which hang on well into Winter.

Well into Winter.

Leather-leaf (Mahonia bealei). Large, leathery, bluish foliage, silvery underneath. Small, yellow flowers in Winter, followed by large, blue berries, regardless of zero temperature. An odd, as well as useful Broad-leaved Evergreen. 18–24 in. \$3.00, 2–3 ft. \$4.00, 3–4 ft. \$5.00.

Oregon (Mahonia aquifolium). 4 to 5 ft. Holly-like leaves turning to glossy bronze during Winter. Yellow flowers in Summer, followed with blue berries, which hang on well into Winter. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$5.00.

in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$5.00.

LIGUSTRUM lucidum. Not entirely hardy in the western part of Virginia, medium to dwarf grower. Large, dark green, glossy foliage, which varies little in Winter and Summer. White flowers followed by blue berries which hang on until Spring. *15-18 in. \$1.50, 18-24 in. \$2.50, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$5.00.

MAGNOLIA glauca. Medium size; light green foliage, silvery underneath. White, Tulip-like flowers. Foliage is lost during severe Winters. *2-3 ft. \$2.50, *3-4 ft. \$3.50, *4-5 ft. \$4.50.

Grandiflora. One of the best known and most popular Southern Evergreen trees. Can be satisfactorily grown in most parts of Virginia, but not hardy much farther north. In the eastern part of the state and farther south, tree grows to be quite large. Large, Tulip-like, very fragrant, pure white flowers followed by pods of bright red berries. (See illustration page 30.) *2-3 ft. \$2.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00, 5-6 ft. \$8.00, 6-7 ft. \$12.00.

NANDINA domestica. 3 to 4 ft. Used throughout Virginia and near the coast farther north. Small, light green foliage in Summer, turning to beautiful Autumn red, continuing so throughout the Winter. White blossoms in Summer, large pods of bright red berries in Fall and Winter. One of the most useful and beautiful Broad-leaved plants. *12-15 in. \$1.25, 15-18 in. \$2.25, 18-24 in. \$3.00, 24-30 in. \$3.75.

POMEGRANATE. Small, glossy green foliage, resembling Holly. An evergreen farther South, but deciduous in Virginia. *2-3 ft. \$2.00.

PYRACANTHA (Firethorn) Angustifolia. Similar to the Lalandi, but lighter green foliage. Small, bright yellow berries. *18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00.

Lalandi. The most hardy Pyracantha. Upright grower, white flowers. Large, orange-colored berries which are beautiful from Midsummer until late Winter. We recommend pruning back severely when transplanted. *18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$4.50, 4-5 ft. \$6.00.

Rogersi. A compact, low growing type. White flowers in May, bright red berries in and Winter. Effective when planted in groups in front of the taller growing Lalandi. P when planting. *18-24 in. \$2.25, 2-3 ft. \$3.50, 3-4 ft. \$5.00.

SCOTCH BROOM (Cytisus scoparius). An old plant, which is not as extensively used in America as in Europe. However, it can be successfully grown here. Dark green stems make it attractive throughout the year. Bright yellow flowers appear in May and June. Matured height 6 ft. *4 yr. clumps, pruned back, \$2.50 each.

NOTE

Prices on Broad-leaved Evergreens include Balling and Burlapping, with the exception of the smaller sizes indicated with *.



Viburnum Rhytidophyllum

Viburnum

RHYTIDOPHYLLUM

(LEATHERLEAF VIBURNUM)

One of the most hardy of all the Broad-leaved Evergreens.

Thick, leather-like evergreen foliage; white flowers in early Spring, followed by red berries. Grows to a height of 6 to 8 feet.

May be used in foundation plantings or evergreen shrub borders. Thrives in full sunlight, but gives best results in partial shade.

Its many good qualities merit more extensive use.

18-2	24	ir	l.		 ٠		٠					\$2.75
2-3	ft.			 								3.50
3-4	ft.											5.00
4-5	ft.										,	7.50

Rhododendrons

The Rhododendrons would be worthy of a place in the garden even if they did not bloom. but few plants are more beautiful when blossoming under favorable conditions in the garden. To avoid disappointment, we recommend using **Rho-Za-Grow** in planting Rhododendrons, also treating with Rho-Za-Grow once a year. For best results, plant in semi-shade.

Catawbiense. Early bloomer. Dwarf grower. Medium size, dark green leaves. Purplish red flowers in May. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$4.00.

Maximum. The tallest, strongest grower of the Rhododendrons. Large leaves, light pink flowers in June and July. Useful as a background in group plantings with the Catawbiense. 18-24 in. \$3.00, 2-3 ft. \$4.00, 3-4 ft. \$5.00.



Rhododendron Catawbiense

SHADE TREES

A good shade tree not only furnishes shade, but often affords bloom, fruit, Autumn coloring, and serves as a screen or background for other plantings. The following selection of varieties has been made up with those qualities in mind. We, however, are listing separately under "Flowering Trees" a group of trees planted especially for ornamental effect. Both groups are planted for shade.

ASH, American White (Fraxinus americana). Good growers, spreading and giving excellent shade, yet not so dense as to destroy the grass beneath the branches. Suitable for street and campuses, as well as on lawns where space permits. 8-10 ft. \$3.50 each, \$36.00 per dozen; 10-12 ft. \$4.50 each, \$48.00 per dozen; 2-2½ in. caliper \$7.50 each; 2½-3 in. caliper \$10.00 each, 3-4 in. caliper \$15.00 each.

BEECH, American (Fagus americana). This famous tree is denied more extensive use because of its being difficult to transplant. So we offer only balled and burlapped specimens. 4-5 in. caliper, B&B, \$50.00 each; 5-6 in. caliper, B&B, \$75.00 each; 6-7 in. caliper, B&B, \$100.00 each.

BIRCH (BETULA), Cutleaved Weeping (Betula alba pendula laciniata). A slender tree with white bark, gracefully weeping branches, fernlike cut leaves, all of which combine to make it one of the most beautiful trees. May be used as specimen or in groups with other varieties. (See illustration.) 8-10 ft. \$4.50 each, 10-12 ft. \$6.00 each, 2-2½ in. caliper B&B \$20.00 each, 2½-3 in. caliper \$27.50 each.

European White (Betula alba). White bark, larger leaves and stiffer branches than the weeping type, but a good shade tree as well as effective in group plantings. 8-10 ft. \$4.00 each, 10-12 ft. \$5.00 each, 2-2½ in. B&B, \$17.50 each, 2½-3 in. B&B \$25.00 each.

BIRCH, Yellow (Betula lutea). One of the finest forest trees, especially in the New England states. Bark silvery grey with a tinge of orange. Dark green foliage turning to brilliant golden in Autumn; ideal for planting near streams. 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each.

BUCKTHORN (Rhamnus). Desirable shade tree, as well as ornamental because of its red berries turning black when fully ripe. 8-10 ft. \$3.50 each, 10-12 ft. \$4.50 each.

CATALPA bungei (Umbrella Catalpa). Small, umbrella-like tree, suitable where space is limited. Seldom grows higher than 10 to 12 ft., with an umbrella-like spread equaling the height. 4-5 ft. \$3.00 each, 5-6 ft. \$4.00 each.

Speciosa (Western Catalpa). Fast growing, open top tree, popular where quick effect is required. 6-8 ft. \$2.00 each, 8-10 ft. \$2.75 each, 10-12 ft. \$3.50 each, 2-2½ in. caliper \$6.00 each.

caliper \$0.00 each.

ELMS (Ulmus). The Elm comprises one of the best known and most practical groups of shade trees, being adapted to almost all kinds of soil and climate. Easily transplanted and reasonably fast growers.

American (Ulmus americana). This famous American shade tree is at its best when planted in the parks and broad streets of the New England states where specimens are found more than 100 years old. Yet it succeeds equally as well throughout the South.

6-8 ft. \$2.75 each, \$30.00 per dozen; 8-10 ft. \$3.50 each, \$36.00 per dozen; 10-12 ft.

\$4.50 each, \$48.00 per dozen; 2½-3 in. caliper, \$9.00 each, 3-4 in. caliper, \$17.50 each.

ELMS, Moline (Ulmus Moline). A fast growing, erect type of the American Elm. Used in spaces too small to permit use of the more spreading types. 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$4.00 each; 10–12 ft. \$5.00 each.

GINKGO biloba (Maidenhair Tree). An old variety; is still in demand. 5-6 ft. \$3.00 each.

GUMS, Sour (Nyssa'sylvatica). Medium to small grower. Noted for its scarlet foliage in Autumn; difficult to transplant. 6–8 ft. \$3.50, 8–10 ft. \$4.50, 2–2½ in. caliper, B&B, \$20.00 each, 2½ to 3 in. caliper B&B, \$30.00 each.

Sweet (Liquidambar styraciflua). Medium size, reasonably fa'st growing shade tree with odd, corklike bark. Large green leaves during the Summer, turning to beautiful golden and scarlet in the Fall, making it a very satisfactory shade tree but like the Sour Gum, is difficult to transplant. 4-6 ft. \$2.25 each, 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each, 8-10 ft. B&B \$10.00 each, 2-2½ in. caliper B&B, \$20.00 each.



Norway Maple



WAYNESBORD NURSERIES, INC.

HACKBERRY (**Celtis occidentalis**). A small, slow growing tree with spreading branches. 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8-10 ft. \$4.00 each.

HONEY LOCUST (**Gleditsia triacanthos**). An odd-shaped, straggly growing tree. Flat top, somewhat weeping branches, smooth bark, finely cut dark green foliage. 6-8 ft. \$2.50 each, 8-10 ft. \$3.50 each, 10-12 ft. \$5.00 each, 2½-3 in. caliper \$10.00 each.

KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (**Gymnocladus dioica**). Irregular shaped tree, blue-green foliage; somewhat resembles the Walnut. 6-8 ft. \$3.00 ea., 8-10 ft. \$4.00 ea., 10-12 ft. \$5.00 each.



Chinese Elm

CHINESE ELM

(**ULMUS PUMILA**). A comparatively new type of Elm in this country. However, it has been used for ornamental purposes for hundreds of years in China, having been imported from

Siberia. It resembles the American Elm, but is more compact, has finer branches, less spread, and does not grow to be as large a tree. Suitable for streets, on home grounds, and other places where a fast growing, medium size tree is desired. Sends its roots deep into the soil, interfering very little with the grass. One of the fastest growers of all shade trees; also one of the first to come out in leaf in the Spring and the last to lose its foliage in the Fall.

Each Doz. Each Doz. Each Doz. 4-5 ft.\$1.20 \$12.00 6- 8 ft. \$2.25 \$22.50 10-12 ft... .\$3.75 \$40.00 $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 in. caliper . \$8.00 5-6 ft. 1.60 16.00 $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ in. caliper 5.00 52.50 3-4 in. caliper 15.00 8-10 ft. 3.00 33.00

POPLAR, Lombardy (Populus nigra italica). Tall, slender, rapid grower. Suitable as a background, planting along driveways, screening off outbuildings and other unsightly objects. (See illustration.) 6-8 ft. \$1.25 each, \$12.50 per dozen, \$75.00 per 100; 8-10 ft. \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per dozen, \$110.00 per 100; 10-12 ft. \$2.40 each, \$24.00 per dozen.

Simoni (Populus simoni). Another fast, slender grower, scmewhat resembling the Lombardy but having more spread and being a longer-lived tree. 6-8 ft. \$1.75 each, \$18.0) per dozen; 8-10 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen; 10-12 ft. \$3.50 each.

LARCH, European (Larix europaea). Low branching, deciduous, evergreen-like tree; branches slender, tips pendulous. Very attractive in early Spring when the bright green, needle-like foliage is studded with perfect pistillate flowers, rapid growing. 4–5 ft. \$2.50 each, 5–6 ft. \$3.50 each.

MAPLE (Acer). This group of shade trees is well known and extensively planted since the Maples can be satisfactorily grown in a large part of this country. There are numerous varieties. We offer only the most choice ones as follows:

Norway (Acer platanoides). Especially suited for orway (Acer platanoides). Especially suited for street planting and on the grounds of small homes. As it makes only a medium size tree, can be used where space does not permit the use of the larger trees like the Sugar Maple and American Elm. Large, dark green foliage; dense, spreading. A medium grower. (See illustration.) 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each, \$3.00 per dozen; 8-10 ft. \$4.00 each, \$44.00 per dozen; 2-3 in. caliper \$8.00 each, 4-5 in. caliper \$25.00 each.

Scarlet (Acer rubrum). A medium grower. Light green foliage turning scarlet in Fall; not quite as dense as Norway. 6-8 ft. \$3.50 ea., 8-10 ft. \$4.50 ea.

Silver (Acer dasycarpum). Especially popular because of being a fast grower. Light green foliage, slightly silvery underneath. Trees grow to be larger and more spreading than the Norway and should be given more space. An excellent tree for broad streets and large home grounds as well as useful in public parks. 6–8 ft. \$2.50 each, 8–10 ft. \$3.50 each, \$36.00 per dozen; 3–4 in. caliper \$17.50 each, 4–5 in. caliper \$25.00 each.

Sugar (Acer saccharum). A native of the East, found growing in forests. In some localities the trees are tapped for the sugar water, which is boiled into syrup and maple sugar. Tall, pyramidal shape, requiring more space than its cousin, the Norway. 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each, 8-10 ft. \$4.50 each, 10-12 ft. \$6.00 each.



Pin Oak

OAK (Quercus). For permanent shade few varieties excel the Oaks, which are long-lived, sturdy and stately. There are many varieties of Oaks. We attempt to offer only the most useful shade and ornamental varieties. The Oaks are more difficult to transplant than some other varieties of shade trees and are slower in becoming established after being transplanted, but after once established are reasonably fast growers and become more valuable with age.

Austrian Turkey (Quercus cerris laciniata). Serrate leaves, gray underneath. Tree slow grower, reaching 100 ft. when matured. 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each, 8-10 ft. \$4.50 each, 10-12 ft. \$6.00 each.

Black. Large, dark, glossy green foliage turning to lovely Autumn tints. 5-6 ft. \$2.50 each, 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each, 8-10 ft. \$4.50 each.

Laurel (Quercus laurifolia). Grows naturally from Virginia to Florida. Shining, dark green leaves semi-evergreen. 6-8 ft. \$4.00 each, 8-10 ft. \$6.00 each, $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ in. caliper, B&B, \$20.00 each.

Chestnut (Quercus montana). Tall, rather slender grower with foliage less dense than Pin Oak. Most useful when planted in groups with other varieties. 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each, 8-10 ft. \$4.50 each, \$48.00 per dozen; 10-12 ft. \$6.00 each, 2½-3 in. caliper \$12.00 each.

Pin (Quercus palustris). The most extensively planted of all Oaks, because it lends itself better as a shade tree for narrow streets and small home grounds. It is also useful in parks, bordering driveways and almost anywhere a medium size shade tree is required. A very uniform, pyramidal grower. Large, glossy green foliage, turning to red in Fall—making the tree ornamental as well as affording desirable shade. 5–6 ft. \$2.50 each, 6–8 ft. \$3.50 each, \$36.00 per dozen; 8–10 ft. \$5.00 each, \$55.00 per dozen; 2½–3 in. caliper, \$12.00 each.

Red (Quercus rubra). Another good Oak which makes a beautiful shade tree from the time it is established on lawn or street. Grows to be very old and a giant in the forest. When planting a tree as a lasting memorial we recommend Red Oak as being one of the best. Has large, glossy green foliage which turns scarlet in Fall. 5–6 ft. \$2.50 each. 6–8 ft. \$3.50 each, 10–12 ft. \$6.00 each, 2–½ ½ in. caliper \$9.00 each, 2½–3 in. caliper \$15.00 each.

Scarlet (Quercus coccinea). Very similar to the Red Oak in general appearance and habit of growth. Foliage somewhat more serrated and turns to a more uniform red in Autumn. A beautiful, satisfactory tree. Sizes and prices same as Red Oak.

White (Quercus alba). The well known, native American White Oak. Rather difficult to transplant, but makes a beautiful tree, especially when planted in groups in parks or on large estates. Same sizes and prices as Red Oak.

Willow (Quercus phellos). So named because of its willow-like foliage. Beautiful as an ornamental tree but rather difficult to transplant. Matured height 60-80 ft. 5-6 ft. \$3.00 each.

PLANE, Oriental (Platanus orientalis). The Plane is a good grower and especially useful in cities where some varieties do not succeed because of smoke. Useful as a street tree, as well as on the lawn. 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$4.00 each, 10–12 ft. \$5.00 each, 2½–3 in. caliper, \$12.00 each, 3–4 in. caliper \$17.50 each.

POPLAR (Populus bolleana). Glossy green leaves, silvery underneath. Slender grower but wider than Lombardy and much longer lived. 6-8 ft. \$1.75 each, \$17.50 per dozen; 8-10 ft. \$2.50 each, \$27.50 per dozen.

Carolina (Populus canadensis). A rapid growing softwood tree. Planted largely because it affords quick shade. Broad light green foliage; easily transplanted. 10-12 ft. \$3.00 ea. 2-2 ½ in. caliper \$4.00 ea., 2 ½-3 in. cal. \$5.00 ea.

WALNUT, American Black (Juglans nigra). Fast growing, spreading shade tree. Profitable for both timber and nuts. Especially useful for planting in pasture fields as the grass thrives underneath. Makes good shade for the stock and at the same time is growing into valuable timber. 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, \$30.00 per dozen, 8–10 ft. \$3.75 each, \$37.50 per dozen.

willow, weeping (Salix babylonica). One of the most beautiful of the most beautiful of the most beautiful of the weeping trees. Especially suitable for planting along streams but can be grown in well drained soil. (See illus.) 5–6 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 6–8 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen; 8–10 ft. \$3.00 each.

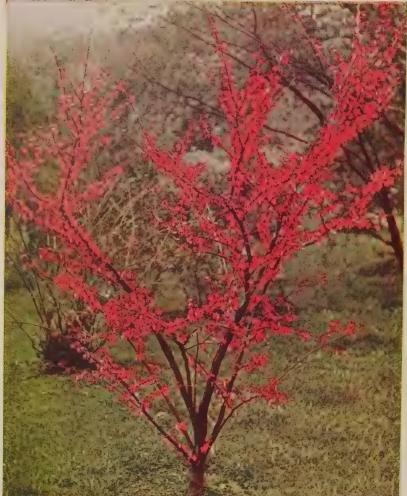
NOTE-WRITE FOR PRICES ON LARGE, SPECIMEN, B&B TREES



Lombardy Poplar



American Elm



DOGWOOD, Whiteflowering (Cornus florida). As everyone known this beautiful little tree, it requires no further description. 2-3 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 3-4 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen; 4-5 ft. B&B Specimens, \$4.50 each; 5-6 ft. B&B specimens, \$6.00 each; 6-7 ft. B&B specimens, \$8.00 each; 7-8 ft. B&B specimens, \$12.00 each; 8-10 ft. B&B specimens, \$20.00 each.

FLOWERING PEACH (Amygdalus persica). Double flowers, pink and red. Beautiful, small, early flowering tree. 2–3 ft. \$1.50 each, 3–4 ft. \$2.00 each, 4–6 ft. \$2.50 each. FLOWERING CHERRY (Prunus). Flowering Cherries are now so well established and in such popular demand that you need not be told of their value for ornamental

purposes.

Kanzan. Most popular double pink variety and most extensively planted of all Flowering Cherries. 4–5 ft. \$4.00 each, 5–6 ft. \$5.00 each.

Mt. Fugi. Large, double, pure white, fragrant flowers. 4–5 ft. \$4.00 each, 5–6 ft. \$5.00 each.

FLOWERING CHERRY, Weeping. Differs from the Standard Flowering Cherry by being weeping in form. Available in both single and double. 6 ft. stems, \$7.50 each.

GOLDEN CHAIN, Improved (Laburnum vossi). A new. improved Golden Chain. Golden yellow clusters of flowers as much as 18 in. in length. 6-8 ft. \$5.00 each.

GOLDENRAIN TREE (Koelreuteria paniculata). Clus-

ters of lemon-yellow flowers in Midsummer. Grows 20 to 30 ft. Globular shaped when mature, a rather straggly grower when young. 5–6 ft. \$2.25 each, 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$4.50 each, 10–12 ft. \$6.00 each, 2½–3 in. caliper, \$10.00 each.

GREAT SILVER BELL (Halesia tetraptera). A small tree, 20 to 25 ft., noted for its masses of small white, bell-shaped flowers, silvery foliage and scaly bark—offering a striking contrast when planted in the garden among other trees. 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$4.50 each.

LINDEN (TILIA), American (Tilia americana). Large green leaves; fragrant, creamy white flowers. Good grower, uniform, shapely tree. Useful for both specimens and street planting. 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$4.50 each, 2–3 in. caliper, \$9.00 each.

European Little Leaf (Tilia cordata). Smaller leaves than the American, more dwarf, compact grower. Excellent shade tree for the small borne grounds or planting or

lent shade tree for the small home grounds or planting on narrow streets. 5–6 ft. \$2.50 each, 6–8 ft. \$3.50 each, 8–10 ft. \$5.00 each, 2–2½ in. caliper, \$7.50 each, 2½–3 in. caliper, \$10.00 each.

LOCUST, Black (Robinia pseudoacacia). Planted as an ormental tree chiefly because of its clusters of fragrant white blooms appearing in May. Also planted for timber, especially

for posts. 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each.

Flowering

Flowering Trees can often be used to serve both for shade and as an ornamental, and should be used wherever possible. They may be planted either in groups or as specimens, on both the large estate and small home grounds.

APPLE TREES. While the Apple is generally planted for its fruit, it is one of our most beautiful ornamental trees. It is difficult to imagine a scene more beautiful than Apple trees in full blossom. The Apple also makes a satisfactory shade tree and produces fruit, which—when ripe—adds to the interest. Specimen Trees, in choice varieties, selected for ornamental purposes, are twice transplanted and pruned so as to conform with the landscape. 5 yr., 7–8 ft. \$4.50 each; 6 yr. 8–10 ft. \$6.00 each.

ASH, European Mountain (Sorbus aucuparia). A small tree which is especially noted for its orange-red berries in the Fall. However, its masses of white bloom in Spring are not to be overlooked. (See illustration). 5-6 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen; 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each, \$33.00 per dozen; 8-10 ft. \$4.00 each; 10-12 ft. \$6.00 each.

CUCUMBER TREE (Magnolia acuminata). Somewhat resembles the Tulip Tree, large, light green foliage; cream-colored, fragrant, Tulip-like flowers in the Spring, followed by red seed pods. 6-8 ft. \$3.50 each; 8-10 ft. \$5.00 each.

DOGWOOD (CORNUS), Pinkflowering (Cornus florida rubra). Possibly no small flowering tree is better known and in greater demand than the Pinkflowering Dogwood, which makes an ideal specimen on the lawn and is equally as useful for planting in groups with Whiteflowering Dogwood and other flowering trees. 2–3 ft. \$2.50 each, \$27.00 per dozen; 3–4 ft. \$3.50 each, \$36.00 per dozen; 4–5 ft. B&B specimens \$6.00 each; 5–6 ft. B&B specimens, \$7.50 each; 6–7 ft. B&B specimens, \$10.00 each; 7–8 ft. B&B, \$18.00 each.



Trees for Shade and Beauty



Magnolia Soulangeana Nigra

TEXAS UMBRELLA (Melia azedarach umbraculiformis). An umbrella-shaped, dwarf, ornamental tree with dense, dark glossy green foliage; not hardy in colder parts of Virginia. 4–6 ft. \$2.50 each.

TULIP TREE (Lirioden- Hopa dron tulipfera). Also known as Tulip Poplar, Large, stately pyramidal, fast growing tree. Fragrant, creamy, cup-shaped, Tuliplike flowers blotched orange. Spring planting recommended. 5–6 ft. \$2.00 each; 6-8 ft. \$3.00 each; 8-10 ft. \$4.00 each; 10-12 ft. \$6.00 each. Larger B&B trees quoted on request.

Flowering Crab (Malus)

This class of small flowering trees had not been given proper recognition until recent years when they began coming into their own. Flowering Crabs

their own. Flowering Crabs
are now available in a
large assortment of varieties. We offer a carefully selected list of the better ones, as follows:
Carmine (Malus atrosanguinea). Single, red flowers. Free bloomer.
Eley's (Malus eleyi). Masses of red flowers in early Spring, followed by
blood-red fruits which are used for jellies and pickles. Strong, vigorous grower.
Hopa (Malus hoppi). Bright rose-red, double flowers in profusion. Red

fruits which are used for jellies and pickles. Another good grower. Excel-

Oriental (Malus floribunda). Pink buds, white flowers, followed by yel-One of the best of this type. low fruits. Parkman (Malus parkmani). Semi double. Bright rose flowers. Slow,

Sargent (Malussargenti). White flowers followed by red fruits; free flowering. Tea Crab (Malus theifera). Entire branches covered with white flowers.

Virginia Sweet (Malus coronaria). Single, large, bluish-pink blossoms; yellow fruits. Strong, vigorous grower. Late bloomer.

Prices on above Flowering Crabs: 3-4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; 4-6 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per dozen; 6-7 ft. \$3.50 each, \$36.00 per dozen; 7-8 ft. \$5.00 each

MAGNOLIA, New Purplish Red (Magnolia soulangeana nigra). The most showy and satisfactory of the rare Oriental types. Large, Tuliplike, purplish red flowers. The best bloomer. At its best in the early Spring, some flowers appearing during the Fall. Grows only 12 to 15 ft. branched from the ground. (See illustration.) 3-4 ft. B&B, \$7.50 each, 4-5 ft. B&B, \$10.00 each, 5-6 ft. B&B specimens, \$15.00 each.

MIMOSA (Albizzia julibrissin). Well known popular Southern tree. Long branches, wide spreading top. Pink flowers, dark green, fernlike foliage. Not often planted north of Virginia. 6–8 ft. \$3.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$4.50 each, 2–3 in. caliper, \$10.00 each.

REDBUD (Cercis canadensis). Beautiful small tree which only recently has become recognized as one of our most valuable native flowering trees. Small pink flowers literally cover stems in early Spring before foliage appears; excellent for planting with Dogwoods, around edge of forests, bordering lawn, in group plantings and as specimens. 3–4 ft. \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per doz.; 4–6 ft. \$2.25 each, \$22.50 per doz.; 6–7 ft. \$3.50 each, 7–8 ft. \$5.00 each, 8–10 ft. \$6.50 each.

REDLEAVED PLUM (Prunus pissardi). A larger more vigorous grower than the Bloodleaved Maple, the foliage is equally as beautiful and the tree costs less. Purplish red foliage in the Spring, retaining its color well throughout the Summer. Ornamental bright red fruits. 3–4 ft. \$2.00 each, 4–6 ft. \$2.50 each, 6–8 ft. \$3.50 each.

SOURWOOD (Oxydendrum arboreum). A medium size tree with long, glossy green leaves which turn brilliant red in Autumn, making it one of the most beautiful Autumn forest trees. Creamy white flowers which remain on several weeks in the Summer. Unfortunately, this valuable tree is rather difficult to transplant so we offer dug with and without ball. 5–6 ft. without ball, \$3.50 each, B&B, \$6.00 each; 6–7 ft.B&B, \$7.50 each.





Eley Flowering Crab







A patented sport of the Dr. Van Fleet, possessing all the fine qualities of its parent and is a continuous bloomer. Hardy.

\$2.00 Each



Henryi, White; Jackmani, Purple; Mme. Andre, Red

CLIMBING ROSES

No flower is adapted to such a variety of uses as the Climbing Rose, which is equally as appropriate on the garden fence, on the walls of a log cabin, a trellis—or as a background to a formal garden—covering walls, the end of the smokehouse, and numerous other uses. We offer the following collection of Hardy Climbers:

American Beauty. True American Beauty color.

American Pillar. Deep rose pink with white center.

Dr. W. Van Fleet. Delicate flesh pink on the outer surface, deepening to rose flesh in center. Strong grower, good foliage.

Etoile de Hollande Climber. Differs from the Bush Type only by being a Climber.

Paul's Scarlet Climber. Vivid scarlet, semi-double blooms. Profuse bloomer.

Silver Moon. Clear, silvery white, with a mass of bright yellow stamens. Vigorous, dark green, glossy foliage.

Talisman Climber. Differs from the Bush Type only by being a Climber.

Prices: 2 Year, No. 1, Blooming Size Plants: \$13.50 per dozen, \$1.25 each, your choice of varieties

PERPETUAL ROSES HARDY

A hardy, vigorous class, blooming profusely through May and June, repeating in fewer numbers during late Summer and Fall.

American Beauty. A well known, popular American Property of the second program of the second property.

can Beauty Red.

Frau Karl Druschki. Magnificent, snow white blooms; strong grower, good foliage. Frequently referred to as the White American Beauty.

Paul Neyron. Dark lilac-rose blossoms of immense size and remarkable fragrance.

Price: 2 Yr. No. 1 Blooming Size Plants: \$13.50 per dozen, \$1.25 each—your choice of varieties



The Polyanthus Roses, also known as Baby Ram-The Polyanthus Roses, also known as Bady Rambler or Cluster Roses, are dwarf, shrub-like in form, and bloom from May until frost.

Edith Cavell. Brilliant scarlet.

Golden Salmon. Large clusters bright salmon orange.

Ideal. Good grower, continuous bloomer; large clusters of dark red.

Katharina Zeimet. Pure white; fragrant; profuse bloomer. Orleans. An old favorite. Pink. Prices: 2 Yr. No. 1 Blooming Size Plants: \$13.50 per dozen, \$1.25 each — your



Ideal

HARDY VINES - 2 year

FOR SHADE, DECORATION, SCREENS AND COVER

AKEBIA quinata. Dainty beautiful vine. Purple flowers in May. 75c. each, \$7.50

BALTIC IVY (Hedera helix baltica). l-leaved, extremely hardy English 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen.

BITTERSWEET (Celastrus scandens).
Popular for its orange-colored berries in
Winter. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen.

BOSTON IVY (Ampelopsis veitchi). Most popular climber; clings to walls; often planted with English Ivy which is evergreen, the Boston clinging to the wall and the English clinging to the Boston. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen.

CLEMATIS, Large Flowering. No other climbing vine equals in attractiveness the beautiful, large flowering Clematis. Available in various colors, blooming profusely in May, followed with some blooms throughout the Summer. Excellent for porch and treliis planting.

Henryi. Large, single white.

Jackmani. Most popular large purple. Mme. Andre. Large violet red.

Prices on Large-flowering Clematis 2 Yr. \$1.35 each, \$15.00 per dozen

CLEMATIS paniculata. The finest of all Small-flowering Clematis. In Midsummer the entire vine is clothed in a mass of white bloom. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

ENGLISH IVY (Hedera helix). Popular for for covering low walls and as a ground cover in low shady places. Evergreen. May be used for covering tall buildings when planted with Boston Ivy. 4-in. pots, 75c. each, \$8.00 per dozen,

GOLDFLAME HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera heckrotti). Large flame-coral, trum-pet-shaped flowers lined with gold. May until frost. New and rare. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

**7.50 per dozen.

**KUDZU VINE (Pueraria). Large, beanshaped leaves; one of the fastest growers of
all vines; useful for covering steep banks,
unsightly buildings or for making a quick
screen or shade. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

TRUMPET VINE (Bignonia radicans).

Large orange scarlet, trumpet shaped flowers. Leaves are light green. Suitable for covering trunks of trees, old buildings, etc. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

VIRGINIA CREEPER (Ampelopsis quin-VIRGINIA CREEPER (Ampelopsis quinquefolia). This well known native climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties. Useful for covering trees, trellises and arbors. Its large deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of crimson and scarlet in Fall. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen.

WISTERIA (Wisteria sinensis). A Chinese vine which has been long used in this country; requires considerable space and good support. Long, pendulous clusters of lavender blue flowers in May. \$1.00 each.

GROUND **COVERS-**

BITTERSWEET, EVERGREEN (**Euonymus radicans**). Bushy, evergreen ground cover. Succeeds in considerable shade. Used for covering banks, as a border, and covering low walls. 3 yr. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen; 4 yr. 85c. each, \$8.50 per dozen.

each, \$8.50 per dozen.

HONEYSUCKLE, HALL'S (Lonicera japonica halliana). White and yellow, fragrant flowers produced in abundance in early Spring and occasionally throughout the Summer. Used chiefly for holding steep banks, as a ground cover in shady locations, and may also be used as a climber. Bedding size, 25c. each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$15.00 per 100; 3 yr. 50c. each, \$5.00 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100.

MAX GRAF ROSE. Strong-growing, trailing Rose. Almost evergreen. Makes an ideal cover for steep banks and for shady spots where grass does not survive. 2 yr. \$1.25 each, \$13.50 per dozen.

PACHYSANDRA terminalis (Spurge). One of the best ground covering plants, particularly valuable in shade, averaging 6 to 8 in. in height and branching freely into a dense mat. Its thick foliage is practically evergreen. 2 yr. 35c. each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$25.00 per 100.

June 11 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 12 June 13 June 13 June 13 June 13 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 14 June 15 June 15 June 15 June 16 June 16 June 16 June 17 June 1

PEONIES

Imperial Dozen High Scoring Varieties \$1.50 ea., \$15.00 per doz.

The varieties of Peonies run into possibly a thousand or more. We attempt to list 25 or more of the better, most practical varieties, including the Imperial Dozen, made up of 12 of the highest scoring varieties known. This group is still considered new, but each variety has been thoroughly tested and has been on the market long enough for the price to be reasonable and within the reach of anyone interested in good Peonies.

Cornelia Shaylor. Faint pink guard petals and collar, softening to white. Deeper shell-pink center. A full, well-formed flower, pyramidal shape. An extra good variety. Late.

Jeannot. One of the very finest; large, globular, rose type flowers of delicate flesh pink softly tinted lavender. Late.

Lady Alexandra Duff. One of the very best Peonies, both for landscape and cut flowers. Delightfully fragrant, large, flat semi-rose flowers. Soft pink and white. Midseason.

Longfellow. Perhaps most brilliant of all Red Peonies; a circle of golden stamens surrounds the central mass of petals while outer petals are slightly reflexed. Midseason.

Martha Bulloch. Tall, strong growth, producing immense blooms of soft rose-pink; well formed and of good substance; exquisite Rose fragrance. Late.

Mme. Jules Dessert. A delicate flesh-pink shading to creamy white, with a golden glow at center. Rates as one of the highest. Midseason.

Mons. Jules Elie. Largest and most striking of Pink Peonies, being a gigantic flower of perfect crown type. Early flowering and has a pleasing fragrance. Strong grower, free bloomer.

Sarah Bernhardt. Large, refined flower of semi-rose type. Appleblossom pink silver tipped; splendid Peony which has possibly won as many prizes as any one variety. Lute.

Solange, Very large, full, compact flower of rose type; has almost indescribable beauty. Outer petals are very delicate lilac-white, deepening towards center with a salmon shade; strong grower. Late. Therese. Enormous, compact rose type, developing later a high crown. Satiny pink with a glossy reflex. Erect, strong grower. Midseas



Walter Faxon

Gold Medal PEONIES Popular Garden Varieties: \$1.00 ea., \$10.00 doz.

It is not possible to include in one dozen or even two dozen all the good varieties. So we have selected another group, each Peony for some special feature and merit. While these varieties do not rate as high as the Imperial Dozen, the selection is good and will afford you

high as the Imperial Dozen, the selection is good and will afford you much joy and satisfaction.

Albert Crousse. Delicate, salmon-pink. Large, compact bloom. Fragrant. Late.

Carolina Mother. An old garden favorite. Deep red suffused purple. Tall, vigorous grower; free bloomer. Midseason.

Duchess de Nemours. Early. Cup-shaped. Sulphur white.

Edulis Superba. Early. Tall. Fragrant. Dark pink. Good grower, free bloomer.

free bloomer.

Felix Crousse. Large ball shaped; one of the best and most popular rich red cut flower varieties.

Festiva Maxima. Possibly the most extensively grown of all Peonies. Enormous, full double pure white flowers flecked with carmine spots; still considered by many as being best White Peony. Early.

Marie Crousse. Salmon pink. Tall stems. Midseason.

Nightingale. Pure white with delicately arranged petals.

PEONIES—Unnamed varieties in Pink, Red and White—

75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.
PEONIES—Dozen Mixed Choice Varieties—\$5.00.



Iris, Coronet

quiring very little attention. One of the best border plants as well as having many other uses in both old and modern gardens, large and small. There are thousands of named varieties, but we attempt to offer only varieties found best suited for area we serve

Note: Not fewer than 3 of a variety furnished at doz. rate or 10 of a variety at 100 rate

IMPERIAL DOZEN

From hundreds of named varieties we have selected one dozen of assorted colors, among the best the world affords. Some of these varieties sold for as much as \$25.00 when introduced but are now being offered at a price within the reach of every Iris lover.

Blue Velvet. One of the most beautiful Irises. The entire flower seems to be cut out of velvet; color, deep, intense blue.

Cheerio. One of the most beautiful bicolors in existence. Standards beautiful lustrous tan; Falls brilliant glowing velvety red.

Coronation. Fine, large, rich golden yellow. Tall, midseason. One of the best.

Dauntless. Velvety rose-red; easily grown and one of the best. Tall, midseason.

Edgewood. Medium toned pink bicolor of high quality. Tall, midseason.

Edgewood. Medium toned pink bicolor of high quality. Tall, midseason.

Frieda Mohr. Blended illac-rose; very fragrant. One of the best.

Pink Satin. One of the world's finest pinktoned Irises being one of the largest, tallest, smoothest and most exquisite in color introduced to date.

President Pilkington. Blend of pastel shades of pink, apricot, and orange.

President Pilkington. Blend o shades of pink, apricot, and Large, midseason.

Rameses. A symphony in rose-pink and buff shading to yellow near edges. One of the all-time best sellers.

One of the oldest and most extensively used garden flowers, being cultivated in almost all countries of the world; in numerous soils and climates. Easily grown re-

> TALL BEARDED IRIS 50c. each, \$5.00 per dozen

Shining Waters. The color is a uniform, clear sky-blue. Flowers are of large size and perfect form. Full, flaring Falls.

Sierra Blue. An exceptionally smooth flower of clear blue with heavy substance; immense size, perfect form and highly rated.

RARE VARIETIES

Our Imperial Dozen Collection is made up of excellent varieties carefully selected and sure to please you. For the benefit of those desiring to add later introductions, we offer the following four, which we consider tops.

75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen

Copper Lustre. A giant copper with undertones of fawn and gold. Dykes Medal winner.

Coronet. A soft rose-beige with a golden tone. A superb variety of a color entirely new.

Missouri. Large-flowered, medium blue. Flower segments broad, heavy and fragrant.

Treasure Island. A giant bright, clear yellow now priced within reach of all Iris lovers.

Gold Medal IRIS 35c. each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$25.00 per 100

This group does not represent newest varieties, but popular, thoroughly tested varieties of Bearded Iris worthy of a place in any garden.

Afterglow. Lavender gray with a suffusion of gold at the center.

Ambassadeur. Standards pearl-pink, Falls deep maroon; one of world's finest Irises.

Bridesmaid. Standards, light lavender; Falls white.

Pluie d'Or. Dykes Medal winner. Profuse.

Falls, white.

Eleanor Roosevelt. Rich dark purple; one of the best of Fall bloomers.

Euphony. Copper blend Standards; Falls, soft copper flushed soft violet.

Gold imperial. Beautiful chrome yellow.

Free bloomer.
Indian Chief. Standards, deep pink;
Falls, velvety crimson. One of the outstanding red-toned Irises.
Jean Cayeux. Dykes Medal winner. Marvelous blending of gold and brown.
King Midas. Golden buff, suffused with garnet-brown and orange.
Lent A. Williamson. Large flowers, tall, strong stems. Violet and purple.
Los Angeles. Large white flowers edged in blue.

m blue.

Midgard. Yellow and pink blend; one of best.

Mme. Chereau. Cream-white, edged with light blue.

and plum.

Pluie d'Or. Dykes Medal winner. Profuse blooming, golden yellow.

Rhein Nixe. Standards, white; Falls, violet blue, white edge.

Susan Bliss. Deep rose-pink with light

blue, white edge.

Susan Bliss. Deep rose-pink with light orange beard.

Windham. Soft lavender pink, Falls being veined with a darker shade.

Special Iris Border Offer

Consisting of 4 Dozen Good Varieties in a **Special Border Mixture**, suitable for bordering driveway, walkway, or shrub groups. dering driveway, walkway, or shrub groups.
All 48 Iris, a \$14.00 value, offered \$9.75
as a Special No. 5-34—for only

Miscellaneous IRIS

\$2.50 per dozen

Dwarf White Siberian

Tall Bearded Purple a Mixed

Purple and White Spanish Mixed



Red Rover, Royal Blue Asters

HARDY PERENNIALS

35c. each, 3 of a variety for \$1.00, 12 of a variety for \$3.60, except as noted

You may not have room for Shade Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, or even Roses, but still can use Perennials, which may be effectively arranged in spaces too limited for other types of Ornamentals.

Perennials also have an important place on the grounds of the average home, the large estate, roadside and park.

Perennials also have an important place on the grounds of the average home, the large estate, roadside and park. They may be had in various heights from 1 inch to several feet, in numerous shades, from the first call of Spring until silenced by chill Winter winds. While they carry over from year to year, transplanting and renewing Perennial Beds from time to time is essential to best results. Furthermore, we like our gardens to be in style and must find space for the new, improved varieties—discarding the less desirable ones. Our list of Hardy Perennials is revised from time to time so that from the following collection you may choose varieties which will meet all requirements.

*Suitable for Rock Gardens

ACHILLEA (Milfoil) millefolium kelwayi. Magenta red. All Summer. Excellent cut flower. 18 in.

AEGOPODIUM. Silvery variegated foliage. White flowers. Grows in either sun or shade. Good border plant. 12 in.

*AJUGA (Bugle). Purplish blue and pink. May and June. 6 in.

*ALYSSUM saxatile compactum (Basket of Gold). Bright yellow. Early Spring. 1 ft.

ARTEMISIA, Silver King (Sagebrush). Planted chiefly because of its silvery foliage, affording a contrast in the Perennial Border. White flowers. 2 ft.

*AUBRIETIA eyrei (Purple Rock Cress). Rosy lilac. Good grower. Especially useful as a rock garden plant.

BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). Dark blue, pea-shaped flowers in June. 2 ft.

*BLEEDINGHEART (Dicentra spectabilis). Old-fashioned flower with long racemes of heart-shaped pink flowers. May and June. 2 to 2½ ft. 75c. each, \$7.50 per dozen.

*CERASTIUM tomentosum (Snow-in-Summer). A low growing plant having silvery-like foliage and an abundance of snow white flowers in May. Excellent for the rock garden. 6 in.

*COLUMBINE (Aquilegia), Mrs. Scott Elliott's Hybrids. A holice old English strain of one of the best known and loved Perennials. Pastel shades of rose, blue, and yellow, in many delightful combinations. Mixed. May and June. 2 ft.

CONEFLOWER (Echinacea purpurea). Purple flowers with large, brown, cone-shaped centers. July to Octo-

COREOPSIS. Popular yellow flower which can be used for cutting from June until frost. 2 ft.

Garden Chrysanthemums

Also known as Hardy Chrysanthemums. However, that does not mean that they are absolutely hardy everywhere under all conditions. Even here at Waynesboro we lose some of our Chrysanthemums during severe Winters. These garden varieties start blooming in August, continuing until freezing weather, supplying color when the garden most needs it. There are many varieties, but we attempt to list only the ones we consider most suitable for the communities we serve.

CUSHION MUMS

Low growing, spreading type, especially suitable for rock gardens

and low borders.
*Bronze Cushion. Bronze flowers turning to a bronzy, coppery yellow.
*Pink Cushion. Solid, compact grower. Covered with pink blossoms from August until frost.
*Red Cushion. Similar habits to popular Pink Cushion but a dark red.
*White Cushion. At opening shows a delicate pink, turning pure white

as flowers develop.

Yellow Cushion. Bright glistening yellow.

Price: 45c. each, \$2.50 for 6, \$4.75 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100

MISCELLANEOUS STRAINS

Autumn Lights. Semi-double; coppery bronze; low growing.
Clara Curtis. Single. Salmon pink. September.
Crimson Beauty. Pompon. Bright crimson. Late.
Dean Kay. Decorative. Medium height. Pink. September.
Indian. Aster-flowering. Popular red. Early October.
*Innocence. Single Korean. Dwarf pure white. October.
Ohio Gold. Decorative. Free blooming orange yellow. September.
Pygmy Gold. Korean. Dwarf. Clear golden Pompons in great masses.
Early September.

Fygmy Gold. Rorean. Dwarf. Clear golden Foliables in great masse. Early September.

Rose Charm. Pompon. Bright rose-pink. October.

Rose Royal. Aster-flowering. Violet. November.

Wannetka. Decorative. Early, low growing white.

White Victory. Large-flowering. Creamy white. Midseason.

Price: 45c. each, \$2.50 for 6, \$4.75 per dozen, \$35.00 per 100

MIXED GARDEN VARIETIES -\$3.50 per dozen.

HARDY ASTERS

Improved varieties in this old garden plant have created much new interest, he Asters bloom in September and October, at a time the garden is most in need of color.

We offer the following choice varieties:

Barr's Pink. A beautiful pink. Vigorous grower. 4 ft.

Harrington's Pink. Deep rose-pink. One of the best new Asters. 4 ft. Red Rover. Deep rose red with golden center, compact, free bloomer. 3 to 4 ft. Royal Blue. Rich deep blue. 3 ft.

Violetta. Pronounced by many as finest New Blue Aster known; sturdy grower;

Price: 45c. each. \$2.50 for 6, \$4.75 per dozen

DELPHINIUM (**Perennial Larkspur**). Recognized as one of the most beautiful Perennials in the garden and one of the best cut flowers. We offer same in the following type.

the following type.

English Hybrids, Wrexham Strain. Tall growing with spikes as much as 2 to Various shades of blue, blending into pastel shades of pink. At its best in early June. Some flowers throughout the Summer.

DIANTHUS (Garden Pinks):

*Rose Cushion. A dwarf, compact grower, forming an evergreen mat. Especially beautiful when covered by a blanket of pink flowers in early Spring. The foliage is beautiful throughout the year. Fine rock garden plant.
*EVENING PRIMROSE (Oenothera). Large yellow flowers. June until

Algust. 6 in.

GAILLARDIA grandiflora. One of the finest hardy garden plants. Used in borders, beds and for cut flowers. The bloom is most interesting, varying in numerous shades and blends of orange, red and yellow, seldom two plants

producing identical blooms.

GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Babysbreath). Minute, starry, white flowers borne in profusion on a massive spreading plant with small threadlike stems. Useful for cut flowers, with coarser, larger blossoms. Blooms for a long period during the Summer. 3 ft.

during the Summer. 3 ft.

HARDY SWEET PEA (Lathyrus latifolius). Resembles the Annual Sweet
Pea but hardy. Mixed pink and white. Most often planted on trellis or fence. HELIANTHUS, Harvest Moon (Perennial Sunflower). Rich yellow. Tall-

growing, good for backgrounds. September.

HIBISCUS (Mallow Marvels). Hollyhocklike, single flowersappearing in Mid-

LYTHRUM roseum superbum. Rosy purple spikes produced in profusion.

All Summer. 2 ft.

*LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (Convallaria majalis). An old favorite garden plant. Also popular with florists. Dainty, white, bell shaped flowers appearing in May are beautiful in the garden as well as desirable for cut flowers. Very fragrant. Can be grown in considerable shade. 6 to 10 in.

*LINUM perenne (Flax). Soft, feathery foliage, clear blue flowers in early Spring. One of our most useful garden plants. Can be used in Perennial Borders and rockeries. 2 ft.

*A fine old fashioned plant which has been

*LYCHNIS viscaria splendens. A fine, old-fashioned plant which has been improved. This is a dwarf type. Pink flowers in May and June; suitable for cut flowers, borders and rock gardens.



SELECTED HARDY PERENNIALS—Continued

PHYSOSTEGIA virginica. Handsome plants for sunny borders or wild gardens. Long spikes of deli-cate pink flowers in July and August. 3 to 4 ft.

PLATYCODON (Balloonflower). Broad blue and white, bell shaped flowers all Summer.

*PLUMBAGO larpentae. Lovely, low growing plants with small, heart-shaped leaves of bronze green; flowers deep peacock blue in small clusters. 6 in.

POPPY, Oriental (Papaver orientalis). Large, cup-shaped orange scarlet flowers in May and June. 2 to 3 ft.

*PRIMULA veris (Hardy Primrose). One of the most beautiful early Spring-flowering perennials. Various shades of yellow, orange and red. Prefers a shady location. 6 in.

SEDUM (**Stonecrop**). Hardy easily grown ground cover plant; thrives in both shade and full sunlight. Used for covering shady spots where grass will not succeed, also in rock gardens and as a

*Acre (Golden Moss). Bright yellow flowers. Prostrate grower.

*Album. Green glossy foliage; pure white flowers.

*Kamtschaticum. Orange yellow flowers, green foliage changing to golden in Fall.

Spectabile. Tall grower attaining a height of 18 in. Light green foliage, large, rose-colored flowers. Late bloomer.

SHASTA DAISY (Chrysanthemum maximum)
Large white blossoms; June, July and August. 2 ft.

STOKESIA, Blue Moon (Cornflower Aster). Immense light blue flowers. Vigorous grower; free bloomer. September. 12 to 18 in.

*THYMUS serphyllum (Thyme). ground cover plant. Thrives in either sun or shade. Purplish pink flowers in Fall.

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker). Rich orange scarlet ower heads on 3 to 4 ft. spikes. August to October

*VERONICA (Speedwell) longifolia. Handsome blue flowers. July to September. 2 ft.

*Rupestris. A prostrate ground cover type. Excellent for covering barren spots under trees, shrubs and on steep banks. Dark blue flowers in May and June.

*VIRGINIA BLUEBELL (Mertensia virginica).
One of the loveliest Spring blooming plants, usually found near streams and shady locations but may be grown in full sun. 12 to 15 in.

PHLOX SUBULATA

(CREEPING PHLOX)

An early Spring-flowering type with pretty, moss-like evergreen foliage which during flowering season in April and May is hidden under masses of bloom. An excellent plant for rockery and border; invalu-able for carpeting the ground or covering graves.

*Alba. Pure white. Neat, compact plant.

*Atropurpurea. Nearest to a red; quite showy.
Most promising new variety.

*G. F. Wilson. Star-shaped, lavender flowers. Free bloomer.

*Maculata alpha. Beautiful purplish rose with yellow eye; one of the best.

*Rosea. Rosy-pink; at its best on a dry sunny bank.

Prices on Phlox Subulata: 35c. each, 3 for \$1.00, \$3.60 per dozen

PHLOX subulata, Mixed Colors. Our selection.

*PHLOX divaricata canadensis. A native species, worthy of extensive planting. Blooms early in April, continuing through May. Large, fragrant lavender flowers. 12 in. 45c. each, 6 for \$2.50, \$4.75 per dozen.

TALL GROWING PHLOX

Generally conceded as one of the best Perennials. May be had in large assortment of varieties, in various colors blooming over an extended period through Midsummer. It is not possible to offer all the good varieties but selection we offer is made up of the best

SELECTED STANDARD VARIETIES

Border Queen. Very large heads brilliant watermelon-pink flowers. Flowers freely over a long period. Daily Sketch. Large trusses and individual florets. Light salmon pink, crimson eye. One of the best.

Miss Lingard. Most hardy, easily grown of all White Phlox; flowers from June until October. Large heads of white flowers with pink shadng in center.

Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white, strong grower, free of disease and dependable; an old variety which continues to be one of the best.

R. P. Struthers. Popular old variety, bright rosy

Wm. Kesselring. Plum-purple, shaded violet. Rather dwarf.

Price on above Standard Varieties: 45c. each, 6 for \$2.50, \$4.75 per dozen



Columbia, Pink; R. P. Struthers, Red

New Patented PHLOX

columbia (U. S. Plant Patent No. 118). Considered by many as the best Phlox known and is generally considered the best of all the Pinks. Delicate cameo-pink, retaining its treshness and color for a longer period than other Phlox. Beautiful, healthy foliage less subject to Phlox enemies than ordinary Phlox. Out of each joint grows a lateral or secondary flower spike, continuing the display of bloom long after the main flower head has disappeared. The Columbia is therefore well called the Perpetual Flowering Phlox. (See illustration).

Prices, above Patented Phlox: 60c. each, 3 for \$1.50, \$5.00 per dozen

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Easily grown; long, shiny leaves, numerous fluffy, silky plumes which are beautiful in the garden through-Fall and early Winter. May also be cut and used for in-door decoration. Should be more used as a background for the Perennial border, as a screen for hiding unsight-ly objects, as well as having many other uses. 6 to 8 ft.

Clumps, 35c. each, \$3.50 per dozen

SPRING FLOWERING BULBS

IMPORTED HOLLAND GROWN, Sold for Fall Delivery Only

DAFFODILS or NARCISSUS

Popular old garden flower now more in Popular old garden nower now moterin demand than ever, easily and extensively grown and useful as both cut flowers and in garden border. There are many varie-ties from which we have selected follow-ing as being among best in various classes.

Croesus. Orange trumpet, yellow peri-



Rev. H. Ewbank

Emperor. Perianth primrose yellow; trumpet darker; a fine old variety.
Empress. Creamy white perianth with trace of gold down center of each petal. Deep canary yellow trumpet.
King Alfred. A king among the fine varieties; rich, lustrous golden yellow.
Mrs. E. H. Krelage. One of the best pure whites.

Sir Watkin. Perianth primrose yellow,

Named varieties: \$2.00 per doz., \$3.75 per 25, \$7.00 per 50, \$12.50 per 100 Mixed Colors: \$1.75 per doz., \$3.25 per 25, \$6.00 per 50, \$10.00 per 100

HYACINTHS

For past 4 years Hyacinths have been almost unobtainable; will continue scarce for some time but we are offering for Fall planting the following choice varieties

Bismarck. Sky blue.

Gertrude. Rosy pink.

La Victoire. Brilliant scarlet.

L'Innocence. Best pure white.

Marconi. Bright pink.

Queen of Blues. Porcelain blue.

Yellow Hammer. Pure yellow.

Above named varieties: \$2.75 per doz., \$5.00 per 25, \$9.00 per 50, \$16.00 per 100 Mixed Colors: \$2.50 per doz., \$4.50 per 25, \$8.00 per 50, \$14.50 per 100

TULIPS

Once again famous Holland grown Tulips are available but not in normal quantities. We, however, are fortunate in being able to offer the following assortment of varieties at very reasonable prices. We urge sending your order as early as possible as the supply will continue to be limited for sometime yet.

Afterglow. Deep rosy orange. Bartigon. Fiery red.

Clara Butt. Brilliant rosy pink.

Farncombe Sanders. Rose-scarlet. Rev. H. Ewbank. Lavender-violet. Yellow Darwin. Canary yellow.

Zwanenburg. Pure white.

Above named varieties: \$2.00 per doz., \$2.75 per 25, \$7.00 per 50, \$12.50 per 1(0

Mixed Colors: \$1.75 per doz., \$3.25 per 25, \$6.00 per 50, \$10.00 per 100

CROCUS

We can furnish in Blue, White and Yellow or Mixed Colors at the following prices. \$1.25 per dozen, \$2.00 per 25, \$3.50 per 50, \$6.00 per 100, \$25.00 per 500.



Gertrude



CANNAS

Cannas are generally used in circular or triangular beds. However, they can be effectively used in borders. When planted in beds, they are usually arranged 18 inches apart. A planting made in early May will furnish bloom throughout the Fall.

Dozen 25 50 100

Good Mixture. \$1.50 \$2.75 \$5.00 \$9.00

Named Varieties. 2.00 3.50 6.50 12.00

City of Portland. Beautiful rose-pink. (See illustration.) .4 ft.

Eureka. Most popular pure white. 3 to 4 ft.

King Humbert. Red. Bronze foliage .5 ft.

King Humbert. Yellow. Green foliage .5 ft.

President. The most popular red. Green foliage .3½ ft.

GLADIOLUS

The garden should not only supply an effective, pleasing landscape but a succession of suitable cut flowers for the home. It is difficult to imagine a more satisfactory cut flower than the Gladiolus which may be had in various shades and may be planted over a period of 3 months, extending the blooming season from July to late Autumn. There are hundreds of named varieties of Gladiolus, many of which are no longer being grown. From the better known varieties we have selected the following which we consider at the top in their class, meeting requirements for the average home garden either to be left in the garden or cut for the home

Good Mixture: \$1.25 per dozen, \$2.00 per 25, \$3.50 per 50, \$6.50 per 100 Choice Named Varieties, as follows: \$1.50 per dozen, \$2.50 per 25, \$4.50 per 50, \$7.50 per 100

(E) Early—(M) Midseason—(L) Late

Autumn Queen (L). Tall, late, orange-flame.

Bagdad (L). Tall, large, smoky old rose.

Early Dawn (E). Early salmon-rose.
Flaming Sword (E). Flaming red.
Golden Dream (M). Large, tall,

Maid of Orleans (E). Large, pure

pure gold.

Margaret Fulton (M). Tall, clear rich soft coral; fine cut flower.

Minuet (M). One of the finest lay-

enders.

Picardy (E). Salmon pink. Strong, vigorous grower. The most extensively planted variety.

Token (E). Deep salmon, cream throat.

Vagabond Prince (M). Rich, iridescent garnet brown with glowing scarlet blotch.

LILIES

CANADENSE. Broad, funnel-shaped, drooping flowers varying from yellow to orange; spotted inside. Graceful and pretty.• June and July. 30c. each, \$3.00 per doz.

MADONNA LILY (Candidum). One of the most beautiful pure white Lilies. 60c. each, \$6.00 per dozen.

PLANTAIN LILY (Funkia). Low growing plant with broad, shiny foliage. Sky blue flowers in July. 50c. each, \$5.00 per doz.

White flowers suffused with pink, yellow throat. Very fragrant; the most popular of all hardy garden Lilies. Not only popular as a garden Lily, but beautiful and lasting as a cut flower. (See illustration)



Regal Lily

35c. each, \$3.50 per dozen, \$6.50 per 25, \$11.50 per 50, \$20.00 per 100.

ROCK LILY (Yucca filamentosa). Creamy white flowers in June and July. 4 to 5 ft. 25c. each, \$2.50 per dozen.

DAY LILIES (Hemerocallis) 50c. each, \$5.00 per dozen

Bay State. Brilliant glistening deep yellow; vigorous, free blooming; late June. 4 ft. Dr. Regel. Handsome, rich, orange-yellow. Very fragrant. May. 18 in.

Fulva (Brown Day Lily). Tall, graceful Lily with orange-brown blossoms in June and July. Does well in shade or damp land.

J. A. Crawford. Rich apricot-yellow. June. One of the best. 4 ft. Lemona (Lemon Day Lily). Large lemon yellow. July.

CANNAS AND GLADIOLUS SOLD FOR SPRING DELIVERY ONLY



Golden Dream, Yellow; Maid of Orleans, White; Minuet, Purple; Picardy, Pink; Flaming Sword, Red



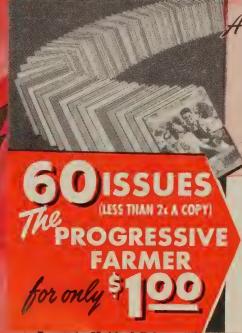
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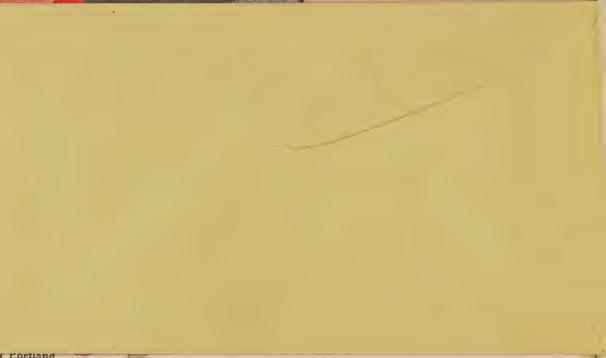
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WAYNESBORO,

FRUIT TREES, ORNAMENTALS
AND LANDSCAPE SERVICE

VIRGINIA



PLEASE USE THIS ORDER SHEET

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Please write name and address and fill	all blanks perfectly. Always state how goods shall be sent			

Please write name and address, and fill all blanks perfectly. Always state how goods shall be sent, attach price to each article and add up accurately. Make all letters short and to the point, and please do not write letters on the same sheet with order.

All agreements and contracts are made subject to loss of crop by drought, floods, fire, insects or other unavoidable causes. All quotations are made subject to stock being sold on receipt of order.

TRUE TO NAME—While we use every precaution to have all plants, etc., true to name (we believe we come as near doing this as anyone in the business), we will not be responsible for any sum greater than the cost of the stock should any prove otherwise than as represented.

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IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED USE BACK OF THIS SHEET

NOTE—Early in the season we usually have in stock everything listed in our catalog, but late in the season we frequently run short of some of the varieties, therefore, when you order late please state whether we shall substitute a similar variety or return your money for any stock we may be out of.

Delphinium......40 Hibiscus.......40 Mulberry, Russian...0

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Please write below the names and addresses of friends who may be interested in trees and plants so that we may mail them a copy of our catalog.

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GARDEN SUPPLIES

GRASS SEED

WAYNESBORO EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE. A scientifically prepared Grass Seed Mixture which produces a beautiful sod in a few weeks and is green throughout the year. Extensively used for small home grounds, as well as public parks, college campuses, large estates, and wherever a beautiful, permanent sod is desired. The extensive demand for this mixture enables us to offer it for even less than frequently charged for common mixtures. 1 to 10 lbs. 95c. per lb., 10 to 50 lbs. 90c. per lb., 50 lbs. or more, 85c. per lb.

SHADY LAWN MIXTURE. Produces a good sod in shady places. 1 to 10 lbs. \$1.05 per lb., 10 to 50 lbs. \$1.00 per lb., 50 lbs. or more 95c. per lb.

Note—For seeding New Lawn, use 1 lb. of our Grass Seed to each 150 square feet to 200 square feet.

VIRGINIA HOME AND PARK MIXTURE. A high quality blend of quick-growing and permanent grasses selected so as to furnish a velvety green lawn within a few weeks after seeding and enough of the slower-growing varieties to make a permanent sod. Offered at a close competitive price of 50c. per lb. in lots of 1 to 10 lbs., 10 to 50 lbs. 45c. per lb., 50 lbs. or more, 40c. per lb.

DOGZOFF

Protect your Evergreens with Dogzoff. Sprayed on the plants, keeps the dogs away. 3-oz. bottle, 75c. postpaid.

RHO-ZA-GROW

The New Soil Conditioner and Plant Food **Rho-Za-Grow,** has taken the guesswork out of Rhododendron growing.

Rhododendrons and their kindred Broadleaved Evergreens, the Azaleas, Kalmias, Hollies, etc., are lovely things, but many planters hesitate to plant these aristocratic American shrubs because of their exacting soil requirements.

Rho-Za-Grow is a scientifically balanced soil conditioner and plant food. Use it on all plants requiring sour soils. Rho-Za-Grow contains exactly the proper balance of acids, neutral plant food, and humus. It sours and lightens the soil, and it has high plant food content. Apply it to your Rhododendron and Azalea beds, and they will show their appreciation with a wealth of gorgeous blooms and healthy, deep green foliage.

10-lb. bag \$1.00 25-lb. bag 2.25 50-lb. bag.....\$3.50 100-lb. bag.....6.00

PEP-TO-GROW

A specially Prepared Balanced Lawn and Garden Plant Food which gives pep and vigor without danger of burning. We recommend an application in both Fall and Spring.

Apply **Pep-to-Grow** on your Lawn, Rose, and Perennial Beds at the rate of 4 lbs. per 100 square feet; on Shade Trees, Shrubs, Boxwoods, and other Evergreens at the rate of 1 lb. per plant or more, depending on size. Keep a supply of **Pep-to-Grow** on hand at all times.

Pep-to-Grow excels in Safe, Gradual Feeding, and Lasting Effects. 50-lb. bag \$3.00, 100-lb. bag \$5.00, 1 ton \$90.00

PESTROY

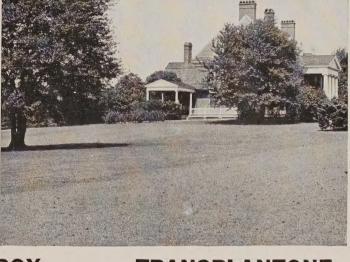
Both a fungus and chewing insect spray for the flower and vegetable garden. Contains Bordeaux Mixture, a popular spray for Rose and Cherry fungus, various rusts and mildew. Also contains arsenate of lead, which controls chewing insects. 4 lbs. \$1.60 postpaid

POMO-GREEN WITH NICOTINE

Leaf	-eating	Insect			Mildew, merican
1-lb.					\$0.75 3.00

WEEDICIDE (Contains 2, 4-D)

Kills weeds but not grass. Comes in powder form, easily dissolved and applied with hand or power sprayer at the rate of 200 gallons per acre. One application generaly kills Canada Thistle, Dodder, Dandelion, Fennel, Honeysuckle, Morning Glory, Onion (Wild), Poison Ivy, Plantain, Ragweed, Stinging Nettle and many other weeds. Apply on warm, sunny days.



TRANSPLANTONE

A water soluble powder containing Vitamin B-1 and other parts of Vitamin B, plus certain hormones vital to plant and root growth.

Applied when transplanting vegetable plants, bedding plants, Roses, Shrubs, Evergreens and trees, it greatly reduces transplanting losses and starts plants off with more vigor and vitality.

One 3-ounce box—which makes 30 gallons solution for soaking roots or 2000 to 3000 gallons for watering—\$1.05, postpaid; 1 lb. can, \$4.10 postpaid.

PARADOW

Properly applied in September, or October, on Peach Trees 4 years or older—at the rate of 1 oz. per tree—controls borers.

1 to 5 lbs..35c. per lb. 10 to 25 lbs..29c. per lb. 5 to 10 lbs..32c. per lb. 25 to 50 lbs..26c. per lb. 50 to 100 lbs..24c. per lb.

Write for prices on larger quantities

SUNOCO

Kills Red Spider, which is the most common enemy of Evergreens. Also kills San Jose Scale, Rose Scale, Oyster-shell Scale, Pineleaf Scale, and Euonymus Scale. 1 gallon makes 25 gallons dormant spray or 100 gallons Summer spray. 1-gallon can \$1.50. 4 gallons, \$1.25 per gallon; 55-gallon drum, 85c. per gallon.

NOTE—DUE TO CHANGING CONDITIONS, PRICES ON GARDEN SUPPLIES ARE SUB-JECT TO REVISION

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